| ACCOUNTING OF SHARES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | AND DEBENTURES |
| This Chapter Includes |  |
| - Issue of Shares <br> - Rights Issue <br> - Bonus Issue <br> - Sweat Equity Shares <br> - Forfeiture of Shares | - Buy-back of Shares <br> - Issue and Redemption of Preference Shares and Debentures <br> - Underwriting of Shares and Debentures. |

Marks of Objective, Short Notes, Distinguish Between, Descriptive \& Practical Questions Legend


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## Chapter at a Glance

| S. <br> No. | Topic | Important Highlights |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Share capital | Share capital of a company can be classified as: <br> (a) nominal, authorized or registered capital; <br> (b) issued and subscribed capital; <br> (c) called up and uncalled capital. |
| 2. | Share | A share is defined as a share in the share capital of <br> a company, including stock except where a <br> distinction between stock and shares is expressed or <br> implied. |
| 3. | Two classes of <br> shares | The Companies Act, 2013 permits a company <br> limited by shares to issue two classes of shares, <br> namely equity share capital and preference share <br> capital. |
| 4. | Preference <br> share | Apreference share or preference share capital is that <br> part of share capital which carries a preferential right <br> with respect to both dividend and capital. |
| 5. | Types of <br> preference <br> shares | Preference shares may be of various types, namely <br> participating and non-participating, cumulative and <br> non-cumulative shares, redeemable and <br> irredeemable preference shares. |
| 6. | Equity share <br> capital | Equity share capital means all share capital which is <br> not preference share capital. |
| 7. | Sweat equity <br> shares | Means equity shares issued by a company to its <br> employees or directors at a discount or for <br> consideration, other than cash for providing <br> know-how or making available rights in the nature of <br> intellectual property rights or value additions, by <br> whatever name called. |



|  |  | Articles provide, capitalize its profits by issuing fully-paid bonus shares. <br> - Authorised by articles. <br> - Authorised on recommendation of the board in general meeting. <br> - No default in payment of interest or principle in respect of debt securities and fixed deposits and in respect of payment to employees. <br> - Partly paid up shares to be made fully paid up on allotment. <br> - Listed companies to follow SEBI regulations. <br> - Once announced by the board about bonus issue no company shall withdraw the same. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. | Issue of shares at premium [Section 52] | - Share premium to be transferred to share premium account. <br> - Utilisation of share premium account should be as prescribed in Section 52. |
| 11. | Issue of shares at discount [Section 53] | - Issue of shares at discount is prohibited except by issue of sweat equity shares. <br> - Any share issued by the company at a discounted price shall be void. <br> In Section 53 of the Companies Act, 2013,- <br> (i) in sub-section (2), for the words "discounted price", the word "discount" shall be substituted; <br> (ii) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:- <br> (2A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), a company may issue shares at a discount to its creditors when its debt is converted into shares in pursuance of any statutory resolution plan or debt restructuring scheme in accordance with any guidelines or directions or regulations specified |


|  |  | by the Reserve Bank of India under the <br> Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 or the <br> Banking (Regulation) Act, 1949. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12.Issue of <br> shares with <br> differential <br> voting rights <br> [Section 43(a) <br> (ii)] | Articles to authorise the issue. <br> Ordinary resolution to be passed and if shares <br> are listed then approval through postal ballot. <br> Not to exceed 26\% of total post issue paid up <br> equity capital including shares with differential <br> voting rights at any point of time. <br> The company not to be penalised under <br> specified legislature in last 3 years. <br> No default in filing financial statements in the last <br> 3 years. <br> No default in payment of dividend. |  |
| 13. | Issue / <br> redemption of <br> preference <br> shares <br> [Section 55] | Issue to be authorised by special resolution. <br> Explanatory statement to be annexed to the <br> notice of general meeting containing the relevant <br> material facts. <br> No company shall issue irredeemable preference <br> shares of redeemable preference shares with the <br> redemption period beyond 20 years. <br> Infrastructural companies may issue preference <br> shares for a period exceeding 20 years but not <br> exceeding 30 years. |
| 14. | Qurrender of <br> shares | Surrender of shares means surrender to the <br> company on part of shareholder of shares voluntarily. <br> It amount to reduction of capital. |


| 15. | Stock | Stock is always fully paid-up. These are the <br> consolidated value of share capital. They comes into <br> existence after conversion of shares into stock and <br> there by the provisions of the Act governing the <br> shares shall cease to apply to the share capital as it <br> is converted into stock. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16. | Forfeiture of <br> shares | A company may if authorized by its articles, forfeit <br> shares for non-payment of calls and the same will not <br> require confirmation of the Tribunal and amounts to <br> reduction of capital. |
| 17. | Buy-back of <br> shares | The repurchase of shares by a company in order to <br> reduce the number of shares on the market. <br> Companies will buy back shares either to increase |
| the value of shares still available (reducing supply) or |  |  |
| to eliminate any threats by shareholders who may be |  |  |
| looking for a controlling stake. |  |  |


| 18. | Issue and <br> Redemption of <br> Preference <br> Shares <br> [Section 55] | 1. No company limited by shares shall, after the commencement of this Act, issue any preference shares which are irredeemable. <br> 2. A company limited by shares may, if so authorised by its articles, issue preference shares which are liable to be redeemed within a period not exceeding twenty years from the date of their issue subject to such conditions as may be prescribed. <br> Provided that a company may issue preference shares for a period exceeding twenty years for infrastructure projects, subject to the redemption of such percentage of shares as may be prescribed on an annual basis at the option of such preferential shareholders. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19. | Under writing of shares and debentures | Underwriting is an agreement, with or without conditions, to subscribe to the securities of a body corporate when existing shareholders of the corporate or the public do not subscribe to the securities offered to them. <br> When a company goes in for an Initial Public Offer (IPO), it may face certain uncertainty about whether its Offer of shares or other securities will be subscribed in full or not. If the public issue does not get fully subscribed, the project for which the funds are being raised cannot be implemented. As per law, it is required that if the company is not able to collect $90 \%$ of the offer amount, then it needs to |


|  |  | compulsorily return the money to those who have <br> subscribed to the shares. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20. | Underwriting <br> Commission | It may be paid in cash or in fully paid-up shares or <br> debentures or a combination of all these. It is paid on <br> the issue price of the shares or debentures so <br> underwritten. As per the provision of Section 40 of <br> the Companies Act, 2013. |

## Short Notes

2008 - Dec [8] Write a note on:
(c) Bonus shares.
(3 marks)
Answer:
Bonus Shares: Bonus Shares are shares issued to existing Shareholders free of Cost by Capitalizing Free Reserves. But Company can issue Bonus Shares when Articles of Association authorize the same. In case the Company issuing bonus shares is a Listed Company, the Guidelines issued by SEBI must be complied with. Only existing Shareholders are entitled to receive Bonus Shares. Bonus Shares are be issued to only those Shareholders who hold fully paid up Shares. The bonus shares shall be issued only after expiry of 12 month from the date of Public Issue or Right Issue by the Company.
-_Space to write important points for revision

2009 - June [8] Write a short notes on:
(a) Escrow Account;
(e) Reserve Capital.

## Answer:

(a) Escrow Account: An Escrow Account is an Account established by a broker, under the provisions of license law, for the purpose of holding

## [Chapter $\ln$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...

 12.9funds on behalf of the broker's principal or some other person until the consummation or termination of a transaction, or a trust Account held in the borrower's name to pay obligations such as property taxes and insurance premiums. An escrow Account is the money held by the mortgage company to pay your yearly property taxes and insurance premiums.

## Answer:

(e) Reserve Capital : Reserve Capital is that part of Share Capital which is not called up and will be called up only in the event of Liquidation of a Company. It adds to the credibility of the Company and Lenders and Creditors may feel comfortable with such Company.
_- Space to write important points for revision

2009 - Dec [8] Write a note on:
(a) Issue of Shares in consideration other than cash;
(3 marks)
Answer:
Issue of shares for consideration other than cash:
Sometimes company issues fully paid shares to the vendors from whom it buys assets. This type of issue is called issue of shares to vendors for consideration other than cash. When such shares are issued then it must be clearly stated in Balance sheet; and must be distinguished from the issue made for cash. This may be further issued either at par or at a premium; Journal entries are:-
(i) Assets A/c -
Dr. 7,00,000

To Vendors A/c
(For purchase of assets)

| (ii) $\begin{array}{l}\text { Vendors A/c - } \\ \text { To Share Capital A/c } \\ \text { (For issue of shares) }\end{array}$ | Dr. 7,00,000 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| $, 00,000$ |  |  |


| (ii) $\begin{array}{l}\text { Vendors A/c - } \\ \text { To Share Capital A/c } \\ \text { (For issue of shares) }\end{array}$ | Dr. 7,00,000 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| $, 00,000$ |  |  |


| (ii) $\begin{array}{l}\text { Vendors A/c - } \\ \text { To Share Capital A/c } \\ \text { (For issue of shares) }\end{array}$ | Dr. 7,00,000 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| $, 00,000$ |  |  |

7,00,000

### 12.10

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Often the company issues fully paid shares for consideration other than cash to promoters or any other party for furnishing technical information engineering services, plant layout, drawings and specifications; when shares allotted in such a way the journal entry is as under:

Goodwill A/c Dr.
To Share Capital A/c
_- Space to write important points for revision

2010 - June [8] Write a short note on:
(b) Capital Redemption Reserve

## Answer :

When a company seeks to redeem preference shares it can redeem them either out of profit or by issue of new shares, or partly by one way and partly by another way. To redeem the fully paid preference shares the company has to transfer equivalent amount from general reserve or profit and loss account to an account called Capital Redemption Reserve. The following journal entry is passed to this effect:
$P \& L A / c$ or General Reserve A/c Dr.
To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c
Having been passed the above journal entry the company can redeem the preference shares as follows:

Preference Share Capital A/c
Dr.
To Preference Share Holders A/c
Preference Share Holders A/c Dr.
To Bank A/c
The Balance of capital redemption reserve after redemption of shares becomes a free reserve and can be utilised to issue bonus shares etc.

- Space to write important points for revision

2011 - June [8] Write a short note on:
(c) Source of Buy-back of shares;

Answer:

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\text { [Chapter } \ln \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
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12.11

## Sources to buy back:

A company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities out of-
(i) its free reserve; or
(ii) the Securities premium account; or
(iii) the proceeds of any shares or other specified securities.

However, no buy back of any kind of share or other specified securities shall be made out of the proceeds of an earlier issue of the same kind of shares or same kind of other specified securities.

In case shares are bought back out of free reserves, then a sum equal to the nominal value of shares bought back shall be transferred to a reserve account to be called as the Capital Redemption Reserve Account (Sec. 69 of Companies Act, 2013). The detail of such transfer shall be disclosed in the balance sheet. This account, as per SEBI Guidelines, shall be allowed to be used for the issue of fully paid bonus shares.

- Space to write important points for revision

2011 - Dec [8] Write a short note on:
(c) Conditions for buy back of shares;

## Answer:

## Condition for Buy - back:

No company shall purchase its own shares or other specified securities as referred to above unless :
(a) the buy back is authorised by its Articles.
(b) Pass a board resolution for buy back up to $10 \%$ of the total paid up equity capital \& for reserves or pass a special resolution of members of company for buy back up to $25 \%$ of total paid up capital and free reserves of the company.
(c) the ratio of the debt owed by the company is not more than twice the capital and its free reserves after such buy-back.

The Central Government may prescribe a higher ratio of the debt for a class or classes of companies.
(d) all the shares or other specified securities are fully paid-up.

### 12.12

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(e) the buy back of the shares or other specified securities listed on any Stock Exchange is in accordance with the regulation made by the SEBI in this behalf.
(f) Separate guidelines shall be issued with respect to unlisted specified securities.
Notice of the meeting: The notice of the meeting at which special resolution is proposes to be passed shall be accompanied by an explanatory statement stating :
(a) a full and complete disclosure of all material fact.
(b) the necessity for the buy back :
(c) the class of security intended to be purchased under the buy back.
(d) the amount to be invested under the buy back,
(e) the time limit for completion of buy back [Sec. 68 (4) of Companies Act, 2013]
Period for completion of buy back : Every buy - back shall be completed with in 12 month from the date of passing the special resolution.
Modes of buy back: The buy back of shares may be by any one or more of the following modes:
(a) from the existing security holders on a proportionate basis through the tender offer
(b) from the open market through
(i) Book Building Process,
(ii) Stock Exchange,
(c) from odd-lot holders
(d) by purchasing the securities issued to employees of the company pursuant to scheme of Stock option or sweat equity, [Sec. 68(5)].
Filing of declaration of solvency :
A declaration of Solvency in the prescribed Form No. SH. 9 verified by an affidavit and along the declaration (signed by at least two directors of the company, one of whom shall be the managing director, if any) shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies in case of listed companies also with SEBI.

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\text { [Chapter } \ln =1 \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
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The declaration of solvency is not required to be filed by an unlisted company [Sec. 68(6)]

## Extinguishment and physical destruction of securities :

Where a company buys back its own securities, it shall extinguish and physically destroy the securities so bought back with in 7 days of the last day of completion of buy-back. [Sec. 68(7)]
Restriction on further issue of Securities within 6 months:
When a company complete a buy-back of its share or other specified securities, the company shall not make a further issue of shares or other specified securities for a period of six month. [Sec. 68(8)]
Maintenance of register :
The company has to maintain register of the securities bought back with relevant particulars.
——Space to write important points for revision

2012 - June [8] Write a short note on:
(e) Profit prior to Incorporation.

Answer:
Profit prior to incorporation:

- Sometimes a company purchases a running business from a date prior to its incorporation.
- If the company has earned any profit from the date of purchase to the date of incorporation such profit is called as profit prior to incorporation.
- $\quad$ Such profit cannot be said to have been earned by the company as it is not available for distribution as dividend to the shareholders.
- Such profit is treated as capital profit and is transferred to Capital Reserve Account.
- If there is any loss prior to incorporation such loss is in the nature of capital loss and is debited to Goodwill Account.
12.13


### 12.14

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- It should be noted that, the date of incorporation and not the date of commencement of business should be taken into consideration for calculating profit or loss prior to incorporation.
_- Space to write important points for revision -

2013 - June [8] Write a short note:
(a) Over/Under subscription;
(5 marks)
Answer:

- Where the total number of shares for which applications are received is less than the number of shares issued, it is a case of under subscription.
- If the actual applications received are more than the shares offered to the public it is case of over subscription.
- In the case of under subscription as the applications received are less than those required for minimum subscription, the company cannot proceed with allotment. The entire application money has to be refunded.
- If the subscription for shares is more than what is offered to the public the Board of Directors may make allotment in full to required number of applicants and reject the other applications.
- Alternatively, they may allot shares proportionately to the applications received to all applicants which is known as pro-rata allotment.
- It is possible that they may resort to selective partial allotment by which the pro-rata allotment may be different for various ranges of share applications received.
_- Space to write important points for revision

2016 - June [5] (b) Write a short note on the sources of Buy Back of Shares.
(5 marks)
Answer:
Please refer 2011 - June [8] (c) on page no. 21

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\text { [Chapter } \ln +1 \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
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2017 - June [5] Write a short note:
(b) Sweat Equity Shares
(4 marks)
Answer:
Issue of Sweat Equity Shares [Section 54]
Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 53, a company may issue sweat equity shares of a class of shares already issued, if the following conditions are fulfilled, namely:
(a) the issue is authorised by a special resolution passed by the company;
(b) the resolution specifies the number of shares, the current market price, consideration, if any, and the class or classes of directors or employees to whom such equity shares are to be issued;
(c) not less than one year has, at the date of such issue, elapsed since the date on which the company had commenced business; and
(d) where the equity shares of the company are listed on a recognised stock exchange, the sweat equity shares are issued in accordance with the regulations made by the Securities and Exchange Board in this behalf and if they are not so listed, the sweat equity shares are issued in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed.
The rights, limitations, restrictions and provisions as are for the time being applicable to equity shares shall be applicable to the sweat equity shares issued under this section and the holders of such shares shall rank pari passu with other equity shareholders.
Space to write important points for revision

2017-Dec [5] Write short notes:
(b) Right Issue of Shares
(d) Money Received against Share Warrants

Answer:
(b) Right Issue of Shares
12.15

### 12.16

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Where at any time, a company having a share capital proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered to persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of equity shares of the company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:-
(i) the offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined;
(ii) unless the articles of the company otherwise provide, the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in clause (i) shall contain a statement of this right;
(iii) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the company.
(d) Money received against Share Warrants

- As per Sch. III Disclosure Requirements, it is to be shown as a separate line item on the face of Balance Sheet.
- In case of Listed Companies, Share warrants are issued to Promoters and others in terms of the Guidelines for Preferential Issues viz. SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements), Guidelines, 2009.
- Effectively, Share Warrants are amounts which would ultimately form part of the Shareholder's Funds. Since Shares are yet to be allotted
12.16

[Chapter

12.17
against the same, these are not reflected as part of Share Capital, but as a separate line - item.
Space to write important points for revision

2018 - June [5] Write short notes:
(b) Advantages of buy-back of shares
(4 marks)
(d) Share Application money pending allotment.
(4 marks)
Answer:
(b) Buy-back of shares have the following advantages:
(i) A company with capital, which cannot be profitably employed, may get rid of it by resorting to buy-back, and re-structure its capital.
(ii) Free reserves which are utilized for buy-back instead of dividend enhance the value of the company's shares and improve earnings per share.
(iii) Surplus cash may be utilized by the company for buy-back and avoid the payment of dividend tax.
(iv) Buy - back may be used as a weapon to frustrate any hostile take-over of the company by undesirable persons.
(d) Share application money pending allotment:

As per Schedule III it is to be shown as a separate line item on the face of Balance Sheet. Other provisions in this respect are as follows:
(i) Share Application Money not exceeding the Issued Capital and to the extent not refundable, is to be disclosed as a separate line item after - Share Holders Funds and before - Non-Current Liabilities.
(ii) If the Company's Issued Capital is more than the Authorized Capital, and approval of increase in Authorized Capital is pending, the amount of Share Application Money received over and above the Authorized Capital should be shown under the head - Other Current Liabilities.
(iii) The amount shown as Share Application Money Pending Allotment will not include Share Application Money to the extent refundable. For example, the amount in excess of Issued Capita or where

### 12.18

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Minimum Subscription requirement is not met. Such amount will have to be shown separately under 'Other Current Liabilities'.
(iv) Calls Paid in Advance are to be shown under - Other Current Liabilities. The amount of interest which may accrue on such advance should also is to be reflected as a Liability.
_- Space to write important points for revision

2018 - Dec [5] Write short note:
(c) Forfeiture of Shares vis-a-vis reissue of Forfeited Shares (4 marks)

## Distinguish Between

2008 - Dec [1] \{C\} (a) Distinguish between shares and stock.

Answer:

|  | Shares | Stock |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Shares may be fully or partly paid <br> up. | Stocks are fully paid up. |
| 2. | Shares are serially numbered. | Stocks are not numbered. |
| 3. | Shares are always registered and <br> non-transferable by mere delivery. | Stocks may be registered or <br> unregistered. |
| 4. | Shares are of equal nominal value. | Stocks may be divided into <br> nominal amount. |
| 5. | Shares are issued when a company <br> is incorporated. | Stocks are not issued when <br> companies are incorporated. Only <br> fully paid shares can be converted <br> into stock. |

Space to write important points for revision
12.18

## Descriptive Questions

2008 - Dec [2] (b) Mention any five purposes for which securities premium account can be utilised.
(5 marks)

## Answer:

As per Section 52 of Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Premium Account can be utilized for the following purposes.
(i) For writing off preliminary expenses of the Company.
(ii) For providing for premium payable on redemption of redeemable preference shares or debentures of the Company.
(iii) For issuing fully paid bonus shares to the members of the Company.
(iv) For writing off expenses of commission paid or discount allowed on issue of Sweat equity shares or debentures of the company.
_- Space to write important points for revision

2008 - Dec [7] (b) State the prerequisites to be complied with by a company for issue of shares at a discount.
(5 marks)

## Answer:

## Prohibition to Issue the Shares at Discount

Section 53 states that except as provided in Section 54 (i.e. issue of sweat equity shares), a company shall not issue shares at a discount. Any share issued by a company at a discounted price shall be void.
When a company contravenes the provisions of this section, the company shall be punishable with fine which shall not be less than one lakh rupees but which may extend to five lakh rupees and every officer who is in default shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which shall not be less than one lakh rupees but which may extend to five lakh rupees, or with both.

- Issue of shares at discount is prohibited except by issue of sweat equity shares.


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- Any share issued by the company at a discounted price shall be void. In Section 53 of the Companies Act, 2013,-
(i) in sub-section (2), for the words "discounted price", the word "discount" shall be substituted;
(ii) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:-
(2A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), a company may issue shares at a discount to its creditors when its debt is converted into shares in pursuance of any statutory resolution plan or debt restructuring scheme in accordance with any guidelines or directions or regulations specified by the Reserve Bank of India under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 or the Banking (Regulation) Act, 1949.
Space to write important points for revision

2009-June [1] \{C\} (e) Can dividend be declared out of Security Premium Account?
(3 marks)
Answer:
Dividend cannot be declared out of Security Premium Account. Any balance in the Security Premium Account can be utilised only in the following four ways:
(i) By writing off Preliminary Expenses.
(ii) By writing off Discount on issue of Sweat equity shares and debentures shares.
(iii) By writing off Premium paid on Redemption of Preference Shares.
(iv) By issue of Fully Paid Bonus Shares.

- Space to write important points for revision

2009 - June [7] (b) Discuss the conditions of Companies Act with regard to buy-back of shares.
(5 marks)

## Answer:

Please refer 2011 - Dec [8] (c) on page no. 22
__ Space to write important points for revision

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\text { [Chapter } \ln \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
$$

2009 - Dec [4] (b) Enumerate the objectives of Buy back of shares.
(5 marks)

## Answer:

## The following are the objectives of buy back of shares:

1. To return surplus cash to investors. Companies want to have back their shares since it facilitates them to manage their surplus cash. If it is paid as dividend companies will have to pay dividend tax on the distribution on the other hand; if cash is distributed through buy back, the tax burden shifts to shareholders who have to pay capital gains tax.
2. To increase underlying share value. Buy back reduces equity and enables the company to increase earnings per share, which would result on enhancing the share value. A share buy back may also be announced when share prices are depressed in the market.
3. To prevent hostile takeover bids. By eliminating surplus cash through buy back such a bid can be avoided.
4. Buy - backs also facilitate a company to maintain a target capital structure. Buy back aids a company to achieve an optimal debt equity ratio.
5. To profit from treasury operations. Companies can buy shares when the prices are low and reissue later at attractive price thus making profit. In India, treasury operation is not possible. This is because shares bought will have to be extinguished.
_- Space to write important points for revision

2010 - June [1] \{C\} (f) What are the rates of interest in respect of the following
(i) Calls in advance
(ii) Calls in arrear

### 12.22

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(g) State any four purposes for which the Securities Premium Account balance may be applied by a company.
(4 marks)

## Answer:

(f) (i) calls in advance - 12\%
(ii) calls in arrears - 10\%

## Answer:

(g) Four purposes for which the securities premium A/c balance may be applied by a company are :

1. In paying up un-issued securities of the company to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus securities.
2. To write off preliminary Expenses.
3. To write off the expenses of or commission paid or discount allowed on any of the securities or debentures of the company.
4. To pay premium on the redemption of preference securities or debentures of the company.

- Space to write important points for revision

2013 - Dec [3] \{C\} Answer the following:
(c) What are the sources available for buy-back of shares for a Company as per Section 68 of Companies Act?
(2 marks)

## Answer:

Please refer 2011 - June [8] (c) on page no. 21

- Space to write important points for revision

2014 - June [3] \{C\} Answer the following:
(a) What is surrender of shares? What is the accounting treatment in the books of a company for surrender of shares?
(d) State the objects of the issue of debentures according to the guidelines issued by the Controller of Capital Issues.
(2 marks)

## Answer:

(a) Surrender of Shares:
12.22

- After the allotment of shares, sometimes a shareholder is not able to pay the further calls and returns his shares to the company for cancellation.
- Such voluntary return of shares to the company by the shareholder himself is called surrender of shares.
- Surrender of shares has no separate accounting treatment but it will be like that of forfeiture of shares.
- The same entries (as are passed in case of forfeiture of shares) will be passed in case of surrender of shares.


## Answer:

(d) According to the guidelines issued by the Controller of Capital Issues, the objects of the issue can be among other things:
(1) Setting up of new projects;
(2) Expansion or diversification of existing projects;
(3) Normal capital expenditure for modernization;
(4) To augment long-term resources of the company for working capital requirements;
(5) Merger /Amalgamation of companies in pursuance of schemes approved by banks, financial institutions and/or any legal authority.
——Space to write important points for revision

2014 - Dec [1] Answer the question:
(e) What are the various modes of buy-back of shares by a Limited Company?

## Answer:

## Modes of Buy-Back

Buy-back is permissible:
(a) from the existing security holders on a proportionate basis through the tender offer; or

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(b) from the open market through
i. Book-building process,
ii. stock exchange;
(c) from odd lots, that is to say, where the lot of securities of a public company whose shares are listed on a recognized stock exchange is smaller than such marketable lot as may be specified by the stock exchange: or
(d) by purchasing the securities issued to employees of the company pursuant to a scheme of stock option or sweat equity.

- Space to write important points for revision

2014 - Dec [3] Answer the question:
(a) (ii) State the conditions for issue of Sweat Equity Shares. (4 marks)

## Answer:

Primary Market - Public Issues - Sweat Equity Shares
Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Sweat Equity Share) Regulations, 2002.
Section 2 (88) Companies Act, 2013 defines Sweat Equity Shares as under: expression "sweat equity shares" means equity shares issued by the company to employees or directors at a discount or for consideration other than cash for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value additions, by whatever name called.
The conditions for issue of such shares by a company are specified in the section of Companies Act, 2013 as under:
(a) the issue of sweat equity shares is authorised by a special resolution passed by the company in the general meeting;
(b) the resolution specifies the number of shares, current market price, consideration, if any, and the class or classes of directors or employees to whom such equity shares are to be issued;
(c) not less than one year has, at the date of the issue elapsed since the date on which the company was entitled to commence business;

## [Chapter ${ }^{\ln }$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...

12.25
(d) the sweat equity shares of a company whose equity shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange are issued in accordance with the regulations made by the Securities and Exchange Board of India in this behalf.
_-Space to write important points for revision

2016 - Dec [5] (b) When Underwriting Commission is payable as per Companies Act, 2013?

## Answer:

It may be paid in cash or in fully paid-up shares or debentures or a combination of all these. It is paid on the issue price of the shares or debentures so underwritten. As per the provision of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013, commission is payable if the following conditions are satisfied:
(i) The payment of the commission is authorized by the articles;
(ii) The commission paid or agreed to be paid does not exceed in the case of shares, five per cent of the price at which the shares are issued or the amount or rate authorized by the articles, whichever is less, and in the case of debentures, two and a half per cent of the price at which the debentures are issued or the amount or rate authorized by the articles, whichever is less;
(iii) The amount or rate per cent of the commission paid or agreed to be paid is in the case of shares or debentures offered to the public for subscription, disclosed in the prospectus, and in the case of shares or debentures not offered to the public for subscription, disclosed in the statement in lieu of prospectus, or in a statement in the prescribed form signed in like manner as a statement in lieu of prospectus and filled in before the payment of the commission with the Registrar and, where a circular or notices not being a prospectus inviting subscription for the shares or debentures, is issued, also disclosed in that circular or notice;

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(iv) The number of shares or debentures which persons have agreed for a commission to subscribe absolutely or conditionally is disclosed in the manner aforesaid; and
(v) A copy if the contract for the payment of the commission is delivered to the Registrar at the time of delivery of the prospectus or the statement in lieu of prospectus for registration.

- Space to write important points for revision


## Practical Questions

2008 - Dec [7] (a) The summarized balance sheet of A Co. Ltd. as on $30^{\text {th }}$ June 2008 is as under:
Share capital :
$10 \%$ redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each 10,00,000
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each
15,00,000
12\% Debentures
7,00,000
Revenue reserves 40,00,000
Total
72,00,000
Represented by Net assets
72,00,000
The redeemable preference shares were due for redemption on $31^{\text {st }}$ August 2008 and were redeemed and duly paid off. The company is permitted to redeem the debentures at any time at a premium of $10 \%$ and did so on $30^{\text {th }}$ September 2008.

The company was in a reasonably liquid position but to assist in providing funds for redemption of the redeemable preference shares, a rights issue of equity shares was made. 20000 equity shares were issued for cash at a premium of ₹ 20 per share, ₹ 12.50 payable on application on $15^{\text {th }}$ July 2008 and the balance on allotment on $31^{\text {st }}$ July 2008. All cash due was received on the due dates.

During the three months ended $30^{\text {th }}$ September 2008, the company traded at a profit of ₹ $2,50,000$.

## Required :

(i) Pass journal entries (including each transactions) showing the relevant entries in respect of the above.
(ii) Prepare summarized balance sheet of the company as on $30^{\text {th }}$ September 2008.
(10 marks)
Answer :
Journal Entries in the books of A Co. Ltd.

| S.No. | Particulars | (₹) | (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Bank A/c (20,000 $\times 12.5$ ) To Share Application A/c (Being share Application money received) | 2,50,000 | 2,50,000 |
| 2. | Share Application \& Allotment A/c Dr. $(20,000 \times 30)$ <br> To Equity Share Capital A/c $(2,000 \times 10)$ <br> To Securities Premium A/c $(20,000 \times 20)$ | 6,00,000 | $2,00,000$ $4,00,000$ |
| 3. | Bank A/c <br> To Share Application Allotment A/c (20,000 $\times 175$ ) <br> (Being Share Allotment amount received) | 3,50,000 | 3,50,000 |
| 4. | 10\% Preference shares A/c <br> To Preference shareholders A/c (Being preference shares transferred to preference Shareholders A/c) | 10,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 5. | Preference shareholders A/c Dr. | 10,00,000 |  |

To Bank A/c
(Being amount of Preference Shareholders Due paid to them.)

10,00,000

Balance Sheet of A Co. Ltd. (As Per Revised Schedule III) as on 30.09.2008

| Particulars | Note No. | Figures as at the end of current reporting period | Figures as at the end of previous reporting period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |

12.28

| 1. Shareholders' Funds | 1 | $17,00,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Share Capital
(b) Reserve and Surplus
(c) Money received against share warrants
2. Share application money pending allotment
3. Non - Current Liabilities
(a) Long - term borrowings
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)
(c) Other Long term liabilities
(d) Long term provisions
4. Currents Liabilities
(a) Short - term borrowings
(b) Trade payables
(c) Other current liabilities
(d) Short - terms provisions
II. Assets

1. Non Current Assets
(a) Fixed assets
(i) Tangible assets
(ii) Intangible assets
(iii) Capital work - in - progress
(iv) Intangible assets under development
(b) Non - current investments
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)
(d) Long term loans and advances
(e) Other Non Current Assets

62,80,000
2. Current Assets

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(a) Current investments
(b) Inventories
(c) Trade receivables
(d) Cash and cash equivalents
(e) Short - term loans and advances
(f) Other current assets

Total


## Notes on Account:

| 1. Share Capital: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Subscribed, Issued \& Paid up Capital: |  |  |  |
|  | $1,70,000$ Equity share of 10 each | $17,00,000$ |  |
|  |  | $17,00,000$ |  |
| 2. Reserve \& Surplus: |  |  |  |
| Security Premium A/c | $3,30,000$ |  |  |
| Reserves | $34,50,000$ |  |  |
| Capital Redemption Reserve | $8,00,000$ |  |  |
|  | $45,80,000$ |  |  |

Space to write important points for revision

2009 - Dec [4] (a) The following is the balance sheet of Sachin Ltd. as on 31.03.2008:

| Liabilities | $₹$ | Assets |  | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share Capital : |  | Fixed Assets : |  |  |
| Authorised |  | Gross Block | 6,00,000 |  |
| 20,000, 10\% redeemable |  | Less: Depreciation | 2,00,000 | 4,00,000 |
| preference shares of ₹ |  | Investments |  | 2,00,000 |
| 10 each | 2,00,000 | Current Assets, |  |  |
| 1,80,000 Equity Shares |  | Loans \& Advances : |  |  |
| of ₹ 10 each | 18,00,000 | Inventory | 50,000 |  |

## [Chapter " 1 1] Accounting of Shares and...

### 12.31

|  | 20,00,000 | Debtors | 50,000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Issued, Subscribed |  | Cash \& Bank |  |  |
| and paid up capital : |  | balances | 1,00,000 | 2,00,000 |
| 20,000, 10\% redeemable |  | Miscellaneous |  |  |
| preference share of |  | Expenditure to the extent |  | 40,000 |
| ₹ 10 each | 2,00,000 | not written off |  |  |
| 20,000 equity shares |  |  |  |  |
| of ₹ 10 each | 2,00,000 |  |  |  |
|  | 4,00,000 |  |  |  |
| Reserve and Surplus: |  |  |  |  |
| General Reserve | 2,40,000 |  |  |  |
| Securities premium | 1,40,000 |  |  |  |
| Profit and Loss Account | 37,000 |  |  |  |
| Current Liabilities \& Provision | 23,000 |  |  |  |
| Total | 8,40,000 |  |  | 8,40,000 |

For the year ended 31.3.2009, the company made a net profit of ₹ 30,000 after providing for ₹ 40,000 depreciation and writing off miscellaneous expenditure of $₹ 40,000$. The following additional information is available with regard to company's operation.
(1) The preference dividend for the year ended 31.3.2009 was paid before 31.3.2009.
(2) Except cash \& bank balances, other current assets and current liabilities on 31.3.2009, was the same as on 31.3.2008.
(3) The company redeemed the preference share at a premium of $10 \%$.
(4) The company issued bonus shares in the ratio of 1 share for every two equity shares held as on 31.3.2009.
(5) To meet the cash requirements of redemption, the company sold a portion of the investments, so as to leave a minimum balance of ₹ 60,000 after such redemption.
(6) Investments were sold at $90 \%$ of cost as on 31.3.2009.

Prepare
(i) Necessary journal entries to record redemption and issue of shares.
(ii) Cash \& Bank Account.
(iii) Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2009

Answer :

### 12.32 <br> Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)

## Journal Entries in the books of Sachin Ltd.

$\begin{array}{llr}10 \% \text { Redeemable Preference share capital A/c } & \mathrm{Dr} & 2,00,000 \\ \text { Premium n ref }\end{array}$
Premium on redemption of preference shares A/c
Dr. 20,000
To Preference shareholders A/c
2,20,000
(Being the amount payable to preference shareholders on redemption)
General Reserve A/c Dr. 2,00,000
To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c
2,00,000
(Being transfer to the latter A/c on redemption of shares)
Bank A/c Dr. 90,000
Profit \& Loss A/c
Dr. 10,000
To Investments A/c
1,00,000
(Being amount realized on sale of investments of loss thereon adjusted)
Preference Shareholders A/c Dr. 2,20,000
To Bank A/c
2,20,000

Security premium A/c Dr. 20,000
To Premium on redemption of preference shares
20,000
(Being amount of premium payable on redemption of Preference shares)
Capital redemption reserve A/c
Dr. 1,00,000
To Bonus to shareholders A/c
$1,00,000$
(Being amount adjusted for issuing bonus shares
in the ratio of $1: 2$ )
Bonus to shareholders A/c Dr. 1,00,000
To Equity share capital A/c
1,00,000
(Being balance of farmer account transferred to latter)
Cash \& Bank A/c

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars |  | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| To Balance b/d | $1,00,000$ | By Preference dividends | 20,000 |  |
| " Cash from operations |  | " | Preference shareholders | $2,20,000$ |
| Profit | 30,000 |  | " | Balance c/d |
| Add : dep. | 40,000 |  |  | 60,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Add : misc. |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| To Investments (Bal. Fig) | 40,000 | $1,10,000$ |  |
| 90,000 |  |  |  |
|  | $3,00,000$ |  |  |
|  | $3,00,000$ |  |  |

Balance Sheet Sachin Ltd.
As on 31.03.09 (After Redemption)

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 Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)(i) Tangible assets
(ii) Intangible assets
(iii) Capital work - in - progress
(iv) Intangible assets under development
(b) Non - Current investment
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)
(d) Long term loans and advances
(e) Other Non Current Assets
2. Current Assets
(a) Current investment
(b) Inventories
(c) Trade receivables
(d) Cash and cash equivalents
(e) Short - term loans and advances
(f) Other current assets

```
Total
```

|  |
| ---: |
| $1,00,000$ |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| 50,000 |
| 50,000 |
| 60,000 |
| $6,20,000$ |

Notes on Accounts:

| 1. Share Capital: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Authorized share capital | $20,00,000$ |
|  | $20,00,000$ |
| Issued, Subscribed \& Paid up |  |
| 30,000 Equity share of ₹ 10 each | $3,00,000$ |
|  | $3,00,000$ |

## [Chapter

2. Reserved \& Surplus:

General Reserve
Security Premium
Profit \& Loss (Rel - WN - 2)
Capital Redemption Reserve

|  |
| ---: |
| 40,000 |
| $1,20,000$ |
| 37,000 |
| $1,00,000$ |
| $2,97,000$ |

3. Tangible Assets:

Fixed Assets
6,00,000
Less: Dep
Less : For c/y 3,60,000
Space to write important points for revision

2009 - Dec [7] (a) The following balances appeared in the books of Gomex Ltd. on 1.04.2008:
(i) Debenture Redemption Fund A/c—₹ 40,000 represented by investment at cost of an equal amount (nominal value ₹ 50,000 ).
(ii) The $12 \%$ Debentures stood at ₹ 90,000 .

The company sold ₹ 30,000 investments at $₹ 90$ for the purpose of Redemption of ₹ 25,000 Debentures at a premium of $2 \%$ during the year.
Show (a) 12\% Debentures account, (b) Debenture Redemption Fund A/c, (c) Debenture Redemption Fund investment A/c. for the year ending 31.3.2009.
Ignore interest and brokerage etc.
(10 marks)
Answer:
Debenture Redemption Fund A/c

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To General Reserve <br> " Premium redemption of debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ | 25,000 | By Balance b/d <br> $"$ Debenture <br>  Redemption fund $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ | 40,000 3,000 |

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| " Balance c/d | 17,500 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 43,000 |  | 43,000 |

## Debentures Redemption Fund Investment A/c

|  |  | Nominal <br> Value | Cost |  | Nominal <br> Value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To Balance b/d <br> To Debenture redemp- <br> tion fund A/c- Profit  <br> on sale (B/f)  | 50,000 | 40,000 | By <br> " | Bank A/c <br> Balance c/d | 30,000 <br> 20,000 |
|  | - | 3,000 |  | 16,000 |  |
|  | 50,000 | 43,000 |  | 50,000 | 43,000 |

12 \% Debentures A/c

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Debenture holders A/c | 25,000 | By Balance b/d | 90,000 |
| To Balance c/d | 65,000 |  |  |
|  | 90,000 |  | 90,000 |

_ - Space to write important points for revision

2010 - June [6] (a) Adarsh Ltd., was formed with an authorized capital of $₹ 30,00,000$ divided into equity shares of ₹ $10 /$ - each. The company invited applications for $2,00,000$ equity shares of ₹ $10 /-$ each at a premium of $20 \%$. The money was payable as follows:
On application ₹ $5 /-$, on allotment ₹ $4 /-$ (including premium of ₹ $2 /-$ ), ₹ $2 /$ - on first call and rest on the final call.
Applications were received for $2,40,000$ shares and allotment was made as under:
(a) To applicants for 1,00,000 shares in full;
(b) To applicants for 80,000 shares- 60,000 shares were allotted;

## [Chapter ${ }^{1-1}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...

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(c) To the applicants for 60,000 shares, the rest of the shares were allotted.

Applicants for 1,000 shares in the (a) category and applicants for 1,200 shares falling in category (b) failed to pay the allotment monies. These shares were forfeited on their failure to pay the first call. Holders of 1,200 shares in category (c) failed to pay the first and final call and these shares were also forfeited after the final call. Of the shares forfeited 1,300 shares were re-issued @ of ₹ $8 /-$ per share as fully paid up. The re-issued shared included 1,000 shares of category (a).
Journalise the above transactions and also show the Cash Book.
(10 marks)

## Answer:

Working Note

|  | Capital | Premium |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Application | 5 | - |
| Allotment | 2 | 2 |
| First Call | 2 | - |
| Final Call | 110 | 2 |


| Category | Applied | Proportion | Allotted |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2,40,000$ |  | $2,00,000$ |
|  | $\underline{1,00,000}$ | $(1: 1)$ | $\underline{1,00,000}$ |
|  | $1,40,000$ |  | $1,00,000$ |
|  | $\boxed{80,000}$ | $(4: 3)$ | $\underline{60,000}$ |
|  | 60,000 | $(3: 2)$ | 40,000 |

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To Share Application A/c
(Being share application money received)
Share application A/c
To Equity share capital A/c
To Share Allotment A/c
(Being application money received on 2,40,000 shares transferred to Share capital and on 40,000 shares adjusted towards amount due on allotment)
Share Allotment A/c
To Equity Share Capital A/c
To Securities Premium A/c
(Being allotment money of ₹ 4 per share including premium of ₹ 2 per share)
Bank A/c (w.n.1)
Calls -in arrears A/c
To Share Allotment A/c
(Being allotment money is received in full, after adjustment of excess application money) Share first call A/c

To Equity share capital A/c
(Being first call money on $2,00,000$ shares @ ₹ 2 per share)
Bank A/c
Calls -in arrears A/c Dr. (W.N 2)
To Share first call A/c
(Being first call money received on 1,96,900
shares @ ₹ 2 per share)
Share Capital
Sec. Premium
To Calls in Arrear A/c
To Share forfeited A/c $\quad 11,000$
(Being forfeiture of 1900 shares on which first call \& allotment was due as for Board's Resolution)
Share Second call A/c Dr. 1,98,100
To Equity share capital A/c
(Being second call money on $1,97,300$ shares

Dr. 17,100
Dr. 3,800
12,00,000
Dr. 12,00,000
10,00,000
2,00,000

Dr. 8,00,000
4,00,000
4,00,000

Dr. 5,93,900
Dr. 6,100
6,00,000

Dr. $\quad 4,00,000$
4,00,000

Dr. 3,93,800 6,200

4,00,000

1,98,100

## [Chapter

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@ ₹ 1 per share)
Bank A/c Dr. 1,96,900
Calls in arrears A/c
Dr. 1,200
To Shares Second Call A/c
1,98,100
(Being second call money on $1,97,300$ shares @ ₹ 1 per share)
Bank A/c Dr. 10,400
Forfeited shares A/c
Dr. 2,600
To Equity share capital A/c
13,000
(Being issue of 1300 forfeited shares at ₹ 8 fully paid up)
Forfeited shares A/c Dr. 4,400
To Capital Reserve A/c
4,400
(Being transfer of forfeited shares to Capital Reserve A/c)
Bank A/c

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Share Application A/c | $12,00,000$ | By Bal. c/d | $23,95,000$ |
| To Share Allotment A/c | $5,93,900$ |  |  |
| To Share first call A/c | $3,93,800$ |  |  |
| To Share Second call A/c | $1,96,900$ |  |  |
| To Equity share capital A/c | 10,400 |  | $23,95,000$ |

Working Note for call in arrear

1. Category (A) $100 \times 4=4000$
(No excess in Application full Allotment as made in 1:1)
Category (B) Applied 1200 shares
Allotted $=1200 \times 3 / 4=900$ shares
Application money received on 1200 share $\times 5=6,000$
$(-)$ Application money Adjusted $=4,500$
Excess Application money Adjusted in Allotment 1,500
Allotment due on 900 shares $\times 4=3,600$
(-) Excess Adjusted 1,500
Call in arrear 2,100

Total call in arrear
Category (A) + Category (B)

$$
4000+2100=6100
$$

W.N. 2 Call in Arrear on First call

Category

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { A } & =1000 \text { shares } \\
\text { B } & =900 \text { shares } \\
\text { C } & =1200 \text { shares }
\end{array}
$$

3,100 shares @ 2/- per share =6,200/-

## Call in Arrear

|  | Allotment | First Call | Final Call |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | 1000 | 1000 | -- |
| (b) | 900 | 900 | -- |
| (c) | -- | 1200 | 1200 |
|  | 1900 | 3100 | 1200 |

Space to write important points for revision

2010 - Dec [3] (a) KC limited has declared 15 percent dividend on equity share capital of ₹ 20,00,000 (divided into shares of ₹ 100 each) for the year ending 31st March, 2010 and despatched dividend warrants on $18^{\text {th }}$ July, 2010 by opening a separate bank account on the day. A person holding 800 equity shares did not claim the amount of his share of dividend.

What journal entries will be passed in the books of the company for declaration and the despatch of dividend warrants and transferring the unclaimed amount to Unclaimed Dividend Account? What further journal entry will be passed in the books of the company when the unclaimed

$$
\text { [Chapter } \ln 1 \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
$$

12.41
amount is not claimed by the claimant within stipulated time U/S 123 of 7 years. Corporate dividend tax may be taken at 17 percent (gross)
(8 marks)

## Answer:

Journal Entries in the books of KC Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Amount | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1 | Proposed Equity dividend A/c Dr. |  | 3,00,000 |  |
|  | Provision for corporate dividend $\operatorname{tax} \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ |  | 51,000 |  |
|  | To Equity dividend $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To Dividend tax A/c |  |  | 3,00,000 |
|  | (Being proposed dividend and provision |  |  | 51,000 |
|  | for corporate dividend tax transferred to |  |  |  |
|  | actual liability account on the date of declaration of final dividend) |  |  |  |
| July 18 | Separate Bank A/c Dr. |  | 3,00,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  |
|  | (Being transfer of divd. Amt. to separate account) |  |  | 3,00,000 |
| July 18 | Equity Dividend a/c Dr. |  | 2,88,000 |  |
|  | To Separate Bank A/c |  |  |  |
|  | (Being payment of Equity dividend on 19200 Equity shares @ 15/- each) |  |  | 2,88,000 |
| July 18 | Dividend tax a/c Dr. |  | 51,000 |  |
|  | To Bank a/c |  |  |  |
|  | (Being payment of corporate dividend tax) |  |  | 51,000 |
| Date of transfer i.e | Equity dividend $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{c}$ Dr. |  | 12,000 |  |
|  | To Unclaimed dividend a/c |  |  |  |
|  | (Being transfer of unclaimed dividend) |  |  | 12,000 |
| 17.8.10 | Unpaid dividend Bank A/c Dr. |  | 12,000 |  |
| Date of | To Separate Bank A/c |  |  |  |

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_— Space to write important points for revision

2011 - June [6] (a) Following is the Balance Sheet of Madox Ltd. as at 31.3.2011:
(Fig. in ₹)

Liabilities
1 lakh Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid 5,000, 12\% Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each
Securities Premium
Profit \& Loss A/c Current Liabilities

Assets
10,00,000 Fixed Assets
Current Assets
10,20,000
5,00,000 Bank
1,00,000
5,50,000
4,80,000
26,30,000
26,30,000

On 1.4.2011, the company issued further 30,000 equity shares @ ₹ 10 per share at a premium of ₹ 5 per share. The amount payable was ₹ 6 on application, ₹ 7 on allotment including premium and the balance on First and Final Call. Application were received for 45,000 shares. Application money of 5,000 shares were refunded. Pro-rata allotment was made. The excess application money were adjusted towards allotment. Mr. X holding 3,000 shares failed to pay the allotment money and his shares were forfeited after final call and thereafter, out of these shares 2,000 shares were re-issued at a discount of ₹ 3 per share. Preference shares were redeemed at a premium of $10 \%$. Considering the above transactions, show journal entries and the Balance Sheet in the books of Madox Ltd.
(12 marks)
12.42
[Chapter ${ }^{1 \rightarrow+1}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...
12.43

Answer :

| Application |  | Allotment |  |  |  | Adjustment of Excess Money |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| No. | Amount <br> @ 6 | Nos | Allotment <br> money | Application <br> money adj. | Excess <br> application <br> money | Against <br> Allotment | Calls in <br> advance | Refund |
| 45,000 | $2,70,000$ | - | - | - | 90,000 | - | - | 30,000 |
| 40,000 | $2,10,000$ | $1,80,000$ |  | $-00,000$ | - | - |  |  |
| 45,000 | $2,70,000$ | 30,000 | $2,10,000$ | $1,80,000$ | 90,000 | 60,000 | - | 30,000 |

## Allotment money received :

## Amount x failed to pay

| Share premium @ 5/- | 1,50,000 | Gross amount due from X $(3000 \times 7)$ <br> (-) Excess application money <br> Adjusted $60,000 \times 3,000$ | 21,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share capital @ 2/- | 60,000 |  |  |
| Total allotment dues | 2,10,000 |  |  |
| (-) Excess Application money adjusted | 60,000 |  | 6,000 |
| et d | 1,50,000 | which he fail |  |
| (-) not recd. from Mr. X | 1,50,000 |  |  |
| Allotment money received | 1,35,000 |  | 15,00 |

## Journal Entries in the Books of Madox Ltd.

## Particulars Dr. ₹ Cr. ₹

Bank A/c
To Share Application A/c
(Application money received)
Share allotment A/c
Share Application A/c
To Share capital A/c
To Security premium A/c
(Shares allotted, allotment money due of application

Dr.
Dr.
2,10,000
2,70,000
2,70,000
Dr.

1,80,000
1,50,000

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money on the shares allotted adjusted)
Share Application A/c Dr. 90,000
To Bank A/c 30,000
To Share Allotment A/c 60,000
(Excess Application money adjusted/refunded)
Bank A/c Dr. 1,35,000
To Share Allotment A/c 1,35,000
(Share allotment money received from all except $x$ holding 3000 shares)
$1^{\text {st }} \&$ Final Call A/c Dr. 60,000
To Share capital 60,000
( $1^{\text {st }} \&$ Final Call @ 2 due)

## Bank A/c

Dr.
54,000
To $1^{\text {st }} \&$ Final Call 54,000
( $1^{\text {st }} \&$ Final call reed from all except Mr. X holding 3000 shares)
Share Capital A/c
Dr. $(3000 \times 10) \quad 30,000$
Security Premium A/c Dr. $(3000 \times 5) \quad 15,000$
To Share Allotment A/c 15,000
To $1^{\text {st }} \&$ Final call A/c 6,000
To Share forfeiture A/c 24,000
( 3000 shares of $x$ forfeited for non payment of allotment money \& $1^{\text {st }} \&$ final call)
Bank A/c Dr. $(2000 \times 7)$ 14,000
Share forfeiture A/c Dr. $(2000 \times 3) \quad 6,000$
To Share Capital A/c 20,000
(2000 forfeited shares originally belonging to $x$ reissued at a discount of ₹ 3)
Share forfeiture A/c 10,000
To Capital Reserve A/c 10,000
(Balance of share forfeiture $A / c 2000$ of $X$ reissued (24000/3000) $\times 2000=16000$ less discount allowed on reissue ₹ 6000 /- transferred to capital reserve)

## [Chapter

12.45 $\begin{array}{llr}12 \% \text { Redeemable preference share A/c } & \mathrm{Dr} & 5,00,000 \\ \text { Premium on redemption A/c } & \mathrm{Dr} . & 50,000\end{array}$

To Preference Share holder A/c
5,50,000
(Amount due on redemption of 5000, 12\% redeemable preference shares face value of ₹ 100 each at $10 \%$ premium)
Security Premium A/c 50,000
Profit \& Loss A/c
5,00,000
To Premium on redemption A/c
50,000
To Capital redemption Reserve A/c
5,00,000
(Amount of face value of redeemable preference share transferred to CRR A/c \& premium on redemption transferred
to security premium A/c)
Preference shares holder A/c 5,50,000
To Bank A/c
(Amount paid to preference share holder)
(Balance Sheet of Madox Ltd.)

| Particulars | Note <br> No. | Figures <br> as at the <br> end of <br> current <br> reporting <br> period | Figures <br> as at the <br> end of <br> previous <br> reporting <br> period |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders' Funds |  |  |  |
| (a) Share Capital |  |  |  |
| (b) Reserve and Surplus |  |  |  |
| (c) Money received against share |  |  |  |
| warrants | 1 | $12,90,000$ |  |
| 2. Share application money pending |  |  |  |
| allotment |  |  |  |

12.45
3. Non - Current Liabilities
(a) Long - term borrowings
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)
(c) Other Long term liabilities
(d) Long term provisions
4. Current Liabilities
(a) Short - term borrowings
(b) Trade payables
(c) Other current liabilities
(d) Short - term provisions
II. Assets

1. Non Current Assets
(a) Fixed assets
(i) Tangible assets
(ii) Intangible assets
(iii) Capital work - in - progress
(iv) Intangible assets under development
(b) Non - Current investment
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)
(d) Long term loans and advances
(e) Other Non Current Assets
2. Current Assets
(a) Current investment
(b) Inventories
(c) Trade receivables
(d) Cash and cash equivalents
(e) Short - term loans and advances
(f) Other current assets

Total

Notes on Account:

| 1. Share Capital: Issued, Subscribed \& Paid up $1,29,000$ Equity share of ₹ 10 each | 12,90,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 12,90,000 |
| 2. Reserve \& Surplus: |  |
| Capital Redemption Reserve | 5,00,000 |
| Capital Reserve | 10,000 |
| Share Forfeiture A/c | 8,000 |
| Security Premium | 1,85,000 |
| Profit \& Loss | 50,000 |
|  | 7,53,000 |
| 3. Cash \& Cash Equivalent: <br> Bank ( 3,30,000 + 4,43,000-5,50,000) | 2,23,000 |
|  | 2,23,000 |

Space to write important points for revision

2011 - Dec [5] (a) The following balances are appearing in the Books of All Xerox Ltd. on 1-4-2011 :

Redeemable Preference Share Capital (Shares of ₹ 10 each) 2,00,000 Calls-in-Arrear

2,000
General Reserve 1,00,000
Share Premium 5,000
The preference shares are fully called up and due for redemption at a premium of $10 \%$. Calls-in-Arrear are in respect of final call at the rate of ₹ 4

### 12.48

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per share and these shares are held by Mr. Rahul whose whereabouts are not known.

The Board of Directors decided that 50\% of the General Reserve is to be utilized for the purpose of redemption of redeemable preference share capital and to meet the further requirement of funds, further 14,500 numbers of equity shares of ₹ 10 each were issued at a premium of $20 \%$.

The redemption of preference shares were duly carried out and subsequently the company utilized the balance of Capital Redemption Reserve Account to issue equity shares at ₹ 10 each as bonus to shareholders.

You are required to show necessary journal entries in the Books of All Xerox Ltd.
(10 marks)

## Answer:

## Book of All Xerox Ltd. Journal Entries

|  |  | Dr. | Cr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | Amount (₹) | Amount (₹) |
|  | Redeemable Preference Share Capital A/c Dr. Premium on Redemption on Pref. Shares a/c Dr. <br> To Preference Shareholders A/c <br> (Being 19,500 fully paid Red, Pref. Shares along with premium payable on redemption as per Board resolution no. dt.) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,95,000 \\ 19,500 \end{array}$ | 2,14,500 |
|  | General Reserve A/c <br> To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c <br> (Being General Reserve transferred) | 50,000 | 50,000 |
|  | Bank A/c <br> To Equity Shares Capital A/c <br> To Equity Shares Premium A/c <br> (Being issue of 14,500 Equity shares at a premium of $20 \%$ ) | 1,74,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,45,000 \\ 29,000 \end{array}$ |

[Chapter 12.49

| Share Premium A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption on P.V. of Shares A/c <br> (Being premium payable adjusted) | 19,500 | 19,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preference Shareholders A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid off to Pref. shareholders) | 2,14,500 | 2,14,500 |
| Capital Redemption Reserve A/c <br> To Bonus to Shareholders A/c <br> (Being Bonus declared and transferred to Capital Redemption Reserve account) | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Bonus to Shareholders A/c <br> To Equity Share capital A/c <br> (Being amount transferred to Equity Share capital) | 50,000 | 50,000 |

## Working Note:

Sources of redemption as per Sec. 55 of Companies Act, 2013
Nominal Value of Share Redemed ₹ 1,95,000


Out of Free reserves ₹ 5,000 Reserve General

Out of Proceeds of new issue of shares ₹ 1.45 .000

2012 - June [7] (a) Ashok Ltd. furnishes you with the following Balance Sheet as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2012:
(₹ in crores)

| Sources of Funds |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Share Capital : |  |  |

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| Authorised |  | 100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Issued : |  |  |
| 12\% redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid | 75 |  |
| Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid | $\underline{25}$ | 100 |
| Reserves and surplus: |  |  |
| Capital reserve | 15 |  |
| Securities Premium | 25 |  |
| Revenue reserves | $\underline{260}$ | 300 |
|  |  | 400 |
| Application of Funds |  |  |
| Fixed Assets : cost | 100 |  |
| Less: Provision for depreciation | $100)$ | Nil |
| Investments at cost (Market value ₹ 400 cr.) |  |  |
| Current Assets | 340 |  |
| Less: Current Liabilities | $(40)$ | 300 |
|  |  | 400 |

The company redeemed preference shares on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2012. It also bought back 50 lakh equity shares of ₹ 10 each at ₹ 50 per share. The payments for the above were made out of the huge bank balances, which appeared as a part of current assets.
You are required to
(i) Pass Journal entries to record the above;
(ii) Prepare Balance Sheet as at 01.04.2012.
(10 marks)
Answer :
(i) Journal Entries in the books of Ashok Ltd.
[Chapter $1=1$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...
12.51


Balance Sheet of Ashok Ltd. as on 01.04.2012
12.51

| Particulars | Note No. | Figures as at the end of current reporting period | Figures as at the end of previous reporting period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  | (₹ in crore) |  |
| 1. Shareholders' Funds |  |  |  |
| (a) Share Capital | 1 | 20 |  |
| (b) Reserve and Surplus | 2 | 280 |  |
| (c) Money received against share warrants |  |  |  |
| 2. Share application money pending allotment |  |  |  |
| 3. Non - Current Liabilities <br> (a) Long - term borrowings |  |  |  |
| (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) |  |  |  |
| (c) Other Long term liabilities |  |  |  |
| (d) Long term provisions |  |  |  |
| 4. Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| (a) Short - term borrowings |  |  |  |
| (b) Trade payables |  |  |  |
| (c) Other current liabilities |  | 40 |  |
| (d) Short - term provisions |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 340 |  |
| II. Assets |  |  |  |
| 1. Non Current Assets <br> (a) Fixed assets |  |  |  |
| (i) Tangible assets | 3 | Nil |  |
| (ii) Intangible assets |  |  |  |
| (iii) Capital work - in - progress |  |  |  |
| (iv) Intangible assets under |  |  |  |
| development |  | 100 |  |

12.52
(b) Non - Current investment
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)
(d) Long term loans and advances
(e) Other Non Current Assets
2. Current Assets
(a) Current investment
(b) Inventories
(c) Trade receivables
(d) Cash and cash equivalents
(e) Short - term loans and advances
(f) Other current assets

Total


Notes on Account:


_- Space to write important points for revision

2012 - Dec [6] (a) The following was the Balance Sheet of Wonder World Ltd. as at 31.03.2012:
(₹ in lakhs)

| Liabilities |  | Assets |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| 1 lakh Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid | 10.00 | Plant \& Machinery | 13.50 |
| Securities Premium | 3.50 | Furniture | 2.40 |
| General Reserves | 3.10 | lnvestments | 1.80 |
| Profit \& Loss Account | 1.10 | Stock | 7.20 |
| 14\% Debentures | 7.50 | Sundry debtors | 2.30 |
| Sundry creditors | $\underline{5.00}$ | Bank | $\underline{3.00}$ |
|  | $\underline{30.20}$ |  | $\underline{30.20}$ |

On 01.04.2012, the company decided to buy-back $20 \%$ of its equity shares at a premium of ₹ 10 per share. For this purpose, the company sold its entire investments for ₹ 2.30 lakhs and issued 15000, 12\% Preference shares of ₹ 100 each at par. The amount payable was ₹ 60 on application and ₹ 40 on allotment. The issue was fully subscribed. Thereafter the company issued bonus shares of ₹ 10 at the rate of one bonus share for every five equity shares held by the equity shareholders.
Show Journal entries and Balance Sheet after the above transactions were completed.
(10 marks)

## Answer :

Journal Entries in the books of wonder world Ltd.

| 2012 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 1 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Investments A/c  <br> To $P$ and $\mathrm{L} A / c$  <br> (Being Investments Sold)  | 2.30 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.80 \\ & 0.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| April 1 | Bank A/c <br> To Preference share application A/c <br> (Being application money @ 60/- each received on | 0.90 | 0.90 |


|  | [Chapter ${ }^{1 \prime \prime}$ 1] Accounting of Shares | 12.55 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,500 Preference Shares) |  |  |
| April 1 | Preference Share application A/c <br> To 12\% PSC A/c <br> (Being allotment made) | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| April 1 | Preference share allotment A/c <br> Dr. <br> To 12\% PSC A/c <br> (Being allotment money due on 1,500 pref shares @ 40/- each) | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| April 1 | Bank A/c <br> To Preference Share Allotment A/c | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| April 1 | ESC A/c Security Premium A/c Dr. $\quad$ To Equity Shareholders A/c (Being $20 \%$ Eq. Shares bought back at a premium of $10 /-$ each as per board resolution dated...........) | 2.00 2.00 | 4.00 |
| April 1 | Equity Shareholders A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid to equity shareholders against buy back) | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| April 1 | General Reserve A/c <br> To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c <br> (Being amount transferred from General Reserve to CRR A/c) [Refer W.N.1] | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| April 1 | Capital Redemption Reserve A/c Dr. <br> Security Premium A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Bonus to Shareholders $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$  <br> (Being profits transferred to issue bonus shares in <br> the ratio of $1: 5$ [Refer W.N.2]  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & 1.10 \end{aligned}$ | 1.60 |


| April 1 | Bonus to Shareholders A/c <br> To ESC A/c <br> $($ Being Bonus Shares issued in the ratio of 1:5 as per <br> board resolution dated.......) | 1.60 | 1.60 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |

W.N. (1)

W.N. (2) No. of Bonus Shares to be issued

$$
=80,000 \times \frac{1}{5}=16,000 \text { Shares }
$$

Balance Sheet of Wonder World Ltd. as on 1.4.12

| Particulars | Note <br> No. | Figures as at <br> the end of <br> current <br> reporting <br> period | Figures as at <br> the end of <br> previous <br> reporting <br> period |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders' Funds | 1 | 11.10 |  |
| (a) Share Capital | 2 | 4.60 |  |
| (b) Reserve and Surplus |  |  |  |
| (c) Money received against share |  |  |  |

2. Share application money pending allotment
3. Non - Current Liabilities
(a) Long - term borrowings
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)
(c) Other Long term liabilities
(d) Long term provisions
4. Current Liabilities
(a) Short - term borrowings
(b) Trade payables-(Sundry Creditors)
(c) Other current liabilities
(d) Short - term provisions
II. Assets
5. Non Current Asset
(a) Fixed assets
(i) Tangible assets
(ii) Intangible assets
(iii) Capital work - in - progress
(iv) Intangible assets under development
(b) Non - Current investment
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)
(d) Long term loans and advances
(e) Other Non Current Assets
6. Current Assets
(a) Current investment
(b) Inventories
7.20
(c) Trade receivables
(d) Cash and cash equivalents
(e) Short - term loans and advances
(f) Other current assets

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| Total | 28.20 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Notes on Accounts: |  |  |
|  | (₹ in lakh) |  |
| 1. Share Capital: Issued, Subscribed \& Paid up: 96,000 Equity share of ₹ 10 each 15,000 Preference of $₹ 100$ each | 9.60 1.50 |  |
|  | 11.10 |  |
| $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Reconciliation of Share Capital: } \\ \text { Opening balance of equity } & 1,00,000 \\ \text { Less - Buy back } & 20,000 \\ \text { Add:- Issue bonus share } & 16,000 \\ \text { Add:- Issue Preference share } & \underline{15,000} \\ & \underline{1,11,000}\end{array}$ |  |  |
| 2. Reserve \& Surplus: <br> Capital Redemption Reserve <br> Profit \& Loss <br> General Reserve (3.1-0.5) <br> Security Premium (3.5-2-1.1) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & 1.10 \\ & 2.60 \\ & 0.40 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 4.60 |  |
| 3. Long term borrowings: 14 \% Debenture | 7.50 |  |
|  | 7.50 |  |
| 4. Tangible Assets: Plant \& Machinery Furniture | $\begin{array}{r} 13.50 \\ 2.40 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 15.90 |  |

12.58

Space to write important points for revision

2013 - June [3] (c) X Co. Ltd. decided to buyback 10,000 equity shares of $₹ 10$ each. It sold investments (Face value) ₹ 70,000 for ₹ 95,000 . It bought 10,000 equity shares in the open market for ₹ 90,000 out of free reserves. The shares bought back were cancelled. The expenses of buyback were ₹ 1,000 .
Pass necessary journal entries in the books of X Co. Ltd. to record the above transactions.
(6 marks)

## Answer :

Journal of X Co. Ltd.

| Particulars | Dr. $₹$ | Cr. $₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Investment A/c  <br> To Profit on sale of investment  <br> (Being Sale of investment)  | 95,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 70,000 \\ & 25,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equity Share Capital Account <br> To Equity Shareholder account <br> To Capital reserve account <br> (Being transfer of equity share capital to shareholders account and profit on purchase of own shares) | 1,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 90,000 \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Free reserves account Dr. <br> To Capital Redemption reserve account  <br> (Being the nominal value of shares purchased)  | 1,00,000 | 1,00,000 |
| Buyback expenses account Dr. <br> To Bank  <br> (Being Expenses of buyback)  | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Profit on sale of investment account <br> To Profit and Loss Account <br> (Being transfer of profit on sale of investment to $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{~L}$ | 25,000 | 25,000 |

### 12.60 <br> Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)

| account) | Dr. | 1,000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Profit and Loss Account <br> To Buyback expenses account <br> (Being transfer of buyback expenses to P\&L Account) | 1,000 |  |  |

_- Space to write important points for revision
2013 - Dec [4] (a) (i) The following is the Balance Sheet of Superstar Ltd. as at 31.03.2013:

Liabilities
10\% Redeemable Pref. Shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid
Capital Redemption Reserve
Securities Premium
General Reserve
Profit and Loss A/c
9\% Debentures
Sundry Creditors
Sundry Provisions

Assets

Fixed Assets
Investments
Cash at Bank
Other Current Assets

Amount (₹ in Lakhs)

2,500
8,000
1,000 800
6,000 300
5,000
2,300

| 1,000 |
| :---: |
| 26,900 |

Amount (₹ in Lakhs)

14,000
3,000
1,650

| 8,250 |
| ---: |
| 26,900 |

On $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2013 the company redeemed all of its preference shares at a premium of $10 \%$ and bought back $25 \%$ of its equity shares @ ₹ 20 per share. In order to make cash available, the company sold all the investments for
12.60
₹ 3,150 lakh and raised a bank loan amounting to ₹ 2,000 lakhs on the security of the company's plant.
Pass Journal Entries for all the above mentioned transactions including Cash transactions. The amount of securities premium has been utilised to the maximum extent allowed by law.
(8 marks)
(iii) ABC Ltd. issued 40,000 Equity shares. Three Underwriters were appointed to underwrite the shares and the shares were underwritten as under:

| Underwriter | No. of Shares Underwritten |
| :---: | :---: |
| X | 24,000 |
| Y | 10,000 |
| Z | 6,000 |

The above Underwriters made application for 'firm' underwriting as under: Underwriter $X$ for 3,200 nos. shares, Underwriter $Y$ for 4,000 nos. shares and underwriter $Z$ for 1,200 nos. shares.
The Company received application for 20,000 nos. shares, excluding 'firm' underwriting but including marked applications which were as under:
Underwriter Marked application for No. of
Shares
$X \quad 4,000$
Y 5,000
Z 2,000
You are required to calculate the allocation of liability of the respective Underwriters.
(As per contract, the Underwriters are to be given credit for 'firm' applications and that credit for unmarked applications be given in proportion to the shares underwritten.)
(4 marks)

## Answer:

(i)

## Journal Entries

(Amount in Lakhs)
12.61

### 12.62

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12.62
[Chapter $\operatorname{lin}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and... 12.63
7. General Reserve A/c

Dr. 4,500
To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c
[2,000 + 2,500]
(Being creation of capital redemption reserve to the extent of the face value of preference share redeemed \& equity shares bought back.)
Note : Balance in General Reserve as on 1.4.2013 (4,550$4,500)=50$.
8. Equity Shareholders A/c

Dr. 4,000
To Bank A/c
(Being payment of amount due to equity shareholders)
Note: Cash at Bank [1,650 + 3,150 + 2,000-2,750-4,000] $=50$
(iii) Calculation of allocation of liability of the respective underwriters :

| Particulars | X | y | z | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross Liability (No. of shares) | 24,000 | 10,000 | 6,000 | 40,000 |
| Marked Application | $(4,000)$ | $(5,000)$ | $(2,000)$ | $(11,000)$ |
|  | 20,000 | 5,000 | 4,000 | 29,000 |
| Unmarked Application [24:10:6] | $(5,400)$ | $(2,250)$ | $(1,350)$ | 9,000 |
| [20,000-11,000 = 9,000] | 14,600 | 2,750 | 2,650 | 20,000 |
| Firm Underwriting | $(3,200)$ | $(4,000)$ | $(1,200)$ | 8,400 |
| Balance | 11,400 | $(1,250)$ | 1,450 | 11,600 |
| Negative Adjustment [24:6] | $(1,000)$ | 1,250 | (250) | - |
| Net Liability | 10,400 | - | 1,200 | 11,600 |
| Add : Firm Underwriting | 3,200 | 4,000 | 1,200 | 8,400 |
| Total Liability | 13,600 | 4,000 | 2,400 | 20,000 |

2014 - June [4] (a) (i) The following was the summarized financial position
12.63

### 12.64 <br> Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)

of Chanakya Ltd. as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2014:

| Equity \& Liabilities | ₹ Lakhs | Assets | ₹ Lakhs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share Capital: |  | Fixed Assets | 15,000 |
| Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each | 7,000 | Investments | 3,000 |
| fully paid Up |  | Cash at Bank | 1,450 |
| 10\% Redeemable Pref. Shares | 3,000 | Other Current |  |
| Reserve \& Surplus |  |  |  |
| Capital Redemption Reserve | 1,100 |  |  |
| Securities Premium | 700 |  |  |
| General Reserve | 5,800 |  |  |
| Profit \& Loss Account | 500 |  |  |
| Secured Loans: |  |  |  |
| 9\% Debentures | 4,000 |  |  |
| Current Liabilities: |  |  |  |
| Trade payables | 3,800 |  |  |
| Sundry Provisions | 1,100 |  |  |
|  | 27,000 |  | 27,000 |

On the $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 the Company redeemed all its Preference Shares at Premium of $10 \%$ and bought back $10 \%$ of its Equity Shares at ₹ 11 per Shares. In order to make funds available, the Company sold all the investments for ₹ 3,200 lakhs and raised a Bank Term Loan for the balance. You are required to prepare the Balance Sheet of the Company after the redemption/buy back of shares. Assume that the securities premium account was utilised to the maximum possible extent.
(10 marks)

## Answer:

Balance Sheet of Chanakya Ltd. as on 1.4.2014
(after Redemption and Buyback)
as per Schedule III (Extracts)
12.64

| [Chapter ${ }^{\text {In+ }}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and... |  |  | 12.65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Particulars | Note No | Amount (₹ Lakhs) |
| (I) | Equity and Liabilities |  |  |
| 1 | Shareholders' Funds: |  |  |
|  | (a) Share Capital | 1 | 6,300 |
|  | (b) Reserves and Surplus | 2 | 7,930 |
| 2 | Non-Current Liabilities <br> (a) Long Term Borrowings | 3 | 4,870 |
| 3 | Current Liabilities <br> (a) Trade Payables |  | 3,800 |
|  | (b) Short Term Provisions |  | 1,100 |
|  | Total |  | 24,000 |
| (II) <br> (1) | Assets <br> Non Current Assets |  |  |
|  | Fixed Assets |  | 15,000 |
|  | Current Assets: |  |  |
|  | (a) Cash and Cash equivalents (W N) |  | 1,450 |
|  | (b) Other Current Assets |  | 7,550 |
|  | Total |  | 24,000 |

Notes of Accounts
(Related Notes)

|  |  | ₹ $\ln$ Lakhs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

12.65

| 1 | Share Capital <br> 630 lakh Equity Shares of ₹10 each Fully Paid up (70 lakh Equity Shares bought back) |  |  | 6,300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Reserve and Surplus |  |  |  |
|  | General Reserve | 5,800 |  |  |
|  | Less: Transfer to CRR | 3,700 | 2,100 |  |
|  | Capital Redemption Reserve | 1,100 |  |  |
|  | Add: Transfer due to buy-back of shares from Gen. res. | 3,700 | 4,800 |  |
|  | Securities premium | 700 |  |  |
|  | Less: Adjustment for premium paid on redemption of preference shares | (300) |  |  |
|  | Less: Adjustment for premium paid on buy back <br> P\&L A/c | $\frac{70}{500}$ | 330 |  |
|  | Add: Profit of sale of investment | $\underline{200}$ | 700 | 7930 |
| 3 | Long-term borrowings |  |  |  |
|  | Secured |  |  |  |
|  | 9\% Debentures |  | 4000 |  |
|  | Terms Loans-From Banks |  | 870 | 4870 |

## Working Note:

12.66
[Chapter ${ }^{\text {In }}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and... 12.67

Bank Account
Dr.

| Particulars | Amount <br> (₹ Lakhs) | Particulars | Amount <br> (₹ Lakhs) |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| To balance b/d | 1,450 | By Preference Shareholders A/c | 3,300 |
| To Investment A/c | 3,200 | By Equity Shareholders A/c | 770 |
| By Balance C/d | 1,450 |  |  |
| So Bank Loan A/c <br> To Broceeds) <br> (Loan received) | 870 |  |  |
|  | 5,520 |  | 5,520 |

_- Space to write important points for revision

2014 - June [4] (b) (i) On January 1, 2004 Vardhaman Ltd. allotted 20,000, $9 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par, the total amount having been received along with applications.
(1) On $1^{\text {st }}$ Feb., 2005 the Company purchased in the open market 2,000 of its own debentures @ ₹ 102 each and cancelled them immediately.
(2) On $1^{\text {st }}$ January, 2008 the Company redeemed at per debentures for ₹ $3,00,000$ by draw of a lot.
(3) On $1^{\text {st }}$ June, 2010 the Company purchased debentures of the face value of ₹ $2,00,000$ for $₹ 1,97,800$ in the open market, held them as investments for one year and then cancelled them.
(4) Finally, as per resolution of the Board of Directors, the remaining debentures were redeemed at a premium of $3 \%$ on $1^{\text {st }}$ Feb., 2014 when Securities Premium Account in the company's ledger showed a balance of ₹ 50,000 .
Pass journal entries for the above mentioned transactions ignoring debentures redemption reserve, debenture-interest and interest on own debentures.
(10 marks)

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Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)

Answer:
Journal Entries in The Books of Vardhman Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | Amount Dr. | Amount Cr . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01-01-2004 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To 9\% Debenture Application A/c | 20,00,000 | 20,00,000 |
| 01-01-2004 | 9\% Debenture Application A/c Dr. To $9 \%$ Debenture | 20,00,000 | 20,00,000 |
| 01-02-2005 | Own Debenture A/c Dr. To Bank A/c | 2,04,000 | 2,04,000 |
| 01-02-2005 | $9 \%$ Debenture Dr <br> Loss on Cancellation Dr . <br> To Own Debenture A/c  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,00,000 \\ 4,000 \end{array}$ | 2,04,000 |
| 01-01-2008 | 9\% Debenture A/c Dr. <br> To Debentureholder  | 3,00,000 | 3,00,000 |
| 01-01-2008 | Debentureholder A/c Dr. To Bank | 3,00,000 | 3,00,000 |
| 01-06-2010 | Own Debenture A/c Dr. <br> To Bank A/c  | 1,97,800 | 1,97,800 |
| 01-06-2010 | 9\% Debenture Dr. <br> To Capital Reserve  <br> To Own Debenture A/c  | 2,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,200 \\ 1,97,800 \end{array}$ |
| 01-06-2010 | Profit on cancellation of own Debenture A/c <br> To Capital Reserve A/c <br> (Being transfer of profit on cancellation of own debenture to capital reserves) | 2,200 | 2,200 |
| 01-02-2014 | 9\% Debenture A/c Dr. | 13,00,000 |  |

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| [Chapter ${ }^{\text {lim }}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and... |  |  | 12.69 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Premium on redemption of debenture Dr. <br> To Debentureholder | 39,000 | 13,39,000 |
| 01-02-2014 | Debentureholder A/c Dr. To Bank | 13,39,000 | 13,39,000 |
| 01-02-2014 |  | 39,000 | 39,000 |

Space to write important points for revision

2014 - Dec [1] Answer the question:
(f) X Ltd. decides to redeem 650, $15 \%$ preference shares of $₹ 100$ each at $10 \%$ premium. It has General Reserve of $₹ 45,500$ and securities premium of $₹ 1,000$. The new equity shares of $₹ 10$ each are to be issued at $25 \%$ premium for the purpose of redemption of preference shares. Calculate the minimum number of equity shares to be issued by X Ltd.
(2 marks)

## Answer:

Nominal Value of Preference Shares +Premium on Redemption = Existing Securities Premium + Divisible Profits available for redemption + Sale Proceeds of fresh issue of New Shares.
$65,000+6,500=1,000+45,500+X$
$X=25,000$
Minimum number of equity shares to be issued for redemption of preference
share = Sale Proceeds of fresh issue of New Shares/ Issue Price
= 25,000/12.50

$$
=2000
$$

_- Space to write important points for revision

2014 - Dec [2] Answer the question:
(b) (i) Kachari Limited granted 25,000 employees stock options (face value
$₹ 10$ ) on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2012 at ₹ 100 , when the market price was ₹ 425. The options were to be exercised between $16^{\text {th }}$ October, 2012 and $15^{\text {th }}$ March, 2014. The employees exercised their options for 22,500 shares only. The remaining options lapsed. The company closes its books on $31^{\text {st }}$ March every year. Pass Journal entries. (4 marks)

## Answer:

Journal of Kachari Limited


Note: Employee stock options outstanding will appear in the Balance Sheet as part of Net Worth or Shareholders' Equity.

- Space to write important points for revision

2014 - Dec [3] Answer the question:
(a) (i) Masood Ltd. came out with an issue of 45 lakh equity shares of ₹ 10

## [Chapter ${ }^{\ln }$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...

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each at a premium of ₹ 2 per share. The promoters took $20 \%$ of the issue and the balance was offered to the public. The issue was equally underwritten by $P, Q$ and $R$ respectively.
Each underwriter took firm underwriting of 1,00,000 shares each. Subscriptions for $31,00,000$ equity shares were received with marked forms for the underwriters as given below:

| $P$ | $7,25,000$ shares |
| :--- | ---: |
| Q | $8,40,000$ shares |
| R | $\underline{13,10,000 \text { shares }}$ |

The underwriters are eligible for a commission of $5 \%$ on face value of shares. The entire amount towards shares subscription has to be paid along with application.
You are required to:
(1) Compute the underwriters' liability (number of shares);
(2) Compute the amount payable as due to underwriters; and
(3) Pass necessary Journal Entries in the books of Masood Ltd. relating to underwriters.
(Note: As per contract, the underwriters are to be given credit for 'firm' applications and that credit for unmarked applications be given in proportion to the shares underwritten.)
(8 marks)
(b) (ii) Mogari Limited has 10\% Redeemable Preference share capital of ₹ $30,00,000$ consisting of ₹ 10 shares fully paid up. The company wants to redeem these shares at $25 \%$ premium. The ledger accounts show the following balances:
Securities premium ₹ 1,00,000; General Reserve ₹ 13,00,000 and Profit \& Loss Account (Cr.) ₹ 7,00,000
In order to facilitate the redemption of preference shares, the company decided the following:

1. 1,20,000 Equity shares of $₹ 10$ each were issued at $50 \%$ premium.
2. $10,000,12 \%$ Debenture of $₹ 100$ each were issued at par.

### 12.72

Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)
3. Investments of book value ₹ $5,00,000$ were sold at $₹ 5,60,000$. Pass the necessary journal entries to record above transactions and redemption of preference shares.

## Answer:

(i) (a) Computation of liabilities of underwriters (No. of shares):

| Particulars | $\mathbf{P}$ | Q | R |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross liability | $12,00,000$ | $12,00,000$ | $12,00,000$ |
| Less: Firm underwriting | $1,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ |
|  | $11,00,000$ | $11,00,000$ | $11,00,000$ |
| Less: Marked applications | $7,25,000$ | $8,40,000$ | $13,10,000$ |
|  | $3,75,000$ | $2,60,000$ | $(2,10,000)$ |
| Less: Unmarked applications <br> distributed to P and Q in <br> equal ratio | $1,12,500$ | $1,12,500$ | Nil |
|  | $2,62,500$ | $1,47,500$ | $(2,10,000)$ |
| Less: Surplus of R distributed <br> to P and Q in equal ratio | $1,05,000$ | $1,05,000$ | $2,10,000$ |
| Net liability (excluding firm <br> underwriting) | $1,57,500$ | 42,500 | Nil |
| Add: Firm underwriting | $1,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ |
| Total liability (No. of shares) | $2,57,500$ | $1,42,500$ | $1,00,000$ |

(b) Computation of amounts payable by underwriters: (₹)

| Particulars | P | Q | R |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability towards shares <br> to be subscribed @12 <br> per share | $30,90,000$ | $17,10,000$ | $12,00,000$ |
| Less: Commission (5\% <br> on 12 lakhs shares @ 10 <br> each) | $6,00,000$ | $6,00,000$ | $6,00,000$ |
| Net amount to be paid |  |  |  |

12.72
[Chapter
12.73
(c) In the Books of Masood Ltd.

Journal Entries

| Particulars | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Underwriting commission A/c Dr. To P A/c To Q A/c To R A/c (Being underwriting commission on the shares underwritten) | 18,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 6,00,000 \\ & 6,00,000 \\ & 6,00,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{PA} / \mathrm{c}$ Dr. | 30,90,000 |  |
| Q A/c Dr. | 17,10,000 |  |
| R A/c Dr. | 12,00,000 |  |
| To Equity share capital A/c |  | 50,00,000 |
| To Share premium A/c |  | 10,00,000 |
| (Being shares including firm underwritten shares allotted to underwriters) |  |  |
| Bank A/c Dr. | 42,00,000 |  |
| To P A/c |  | 24,90,000 |
| To Q A/c |  | 11,10,000 |
| To R A/c |  | 6,00,000 |
| (Being the amount received towards shares allotted to underwriters less underwriting commission due to them) |  |  |

## Answer:

(b) (ii)

Books of Mogari Limited Journal (in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Bank A/c | Dr. | $28,00,000$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | To E. S. Application A/c |  |  |
|  | To Debenture A/c |  |  |
|  |  | $10,00,000$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |

12.73

| (Application money received on 1,20,000 equity shares @₹15 per share and on 10,000 debentures @ ₹ 10 each) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) Bank A/c <br> To Profit \& Loss A/c <br> To Investment A/c <br> (Profit on sale of Investments) | 5,60,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 60,000 \\ 5,00,000 \end{array}$ |
| (iii) E. S. Application A/c <br> To E. S. Capital A/c <br> To Securities Premium A/c <br> (Application money transferred) | 18,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,00,000 \\ 6,00,000 \end{array}$ |
| (iv) Debenture Application A/c To 12\% Debenture A/c | 10,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,00,000 \\ 50,000 \end{array}$ | 7,50,000 |
| (vi)General Reserve A/c Dr. <br> Profit \& Loss A/c Dr. <br> To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c  | $\begin{array}{r} 12,50,000 \\ 5,50,000 \end{array}$ | 18,00,000 |
| (vii) $10 \%$ Redeemable P. S. Capital A/c Dr. Premium on Red. of P. S. A/c To Bank A/c | $\begin{array}{r} 30,00,000 \\ 7,50,000 \end{array}$ | 37,50,000 |

Note: Preference shares are redeemed either out of distributable profits or proceeds from fresh issue of shares or both. Hence, Preference shares of $₹ 12,00,000$ redeemed through fresh issue of equity shares and remaining of ₹ $18,00,000$ redeemed out of profits.

- Space to write important points for revision

2015 - June [1] Answer the question:
(a) Neel Limited issued 10,000 debentures of ₹ 10 each redeemable at the end of 10 years, but reserves the right to redeem earlier from the end of
12.74
$3^{\text {rd }}$ year. The company decides at the end of $5^{\text {th }}$ year to redeem 2,000 debentures out of its profits. Pass necessary journal entries in the books of Neel Limited on redemption of debentures.
(2 marks)
Answer:
Journal Entries in the books of Neel Limited on redemption of debentures

| $5^{\text {th }}$ Year Dec. 31 | Particulars | Dr. <br> (₹) | Cr. <br> (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | Debentures A/c <br> To Debentureholders A/c <br> (Being the amount due on redemption of debentures) $2,000 \times 10$ | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| II | Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c <br> To Debenture Redemption Reserve A/c (Being the transfer of Profit to Debenture Redemption Reserve $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ as per SEBI guidelines) | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| III | Debentureholders A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being the amount paid to debentureholders) | 20,000 | 20,000 |

Space to write important points for revision

2015 - June [3] (a) Answer the question:
(ii) Vikash Ltd. resolved by a special resolution to buy-back its 5,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (paid up value ₹ 8) at a premium of ₹ 15 per share. At the time of buy-back the following balances appeared in its books:

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Securities Premium Account | $60,00,000$ |
| General Reserve Account | $50,00,000$ |

12.75

Profit and Loss Account (Cr.) 45,00,000
The company utilized the whole of the securities premium for buyback purpose.
You are required to pass the necessary journal entries in the books of the company.
(4 marks)
Answer:

## Buy Back of Shares

Journal Entries in the books of Vikash Limited

| I | Equity share final call A/c Dr. <br> To Equity share capital A/c  <br> (Being final call money due for $5,00,000$ <br> equity shares @ ₹ 2 per share)  | 10,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| II | Bank A/c <br> To Equity share final call A/c <br> (Being final call money received for <br> $5,00,000$ equity shares $@$ ₹ 2 per share) | 10,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| III | Equity shareholders A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid on buy back of shares <br> @ ₹ 25 per share) | 1,25,00,000 | 1,25,00,000 |
| IV | Equity share capital A/c Dr <br> Securities premium A/c Dr . <br> General Reserve A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Equity Shareholders A/c  <br> (Being cancellation of $5,00,000$ equity <br> shares on buy back)  | $\begin{aligned} & 50,00,000 \\ & 60,00,000 \\ & 15,00,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1,25,00,000 |

[Chapter $1=1$ 1] Accounting of Shares and...
12.77

| General Reserve A/c Profit \& Loss A/c $\quad$ To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c (Being transfer of General Reserve of $₹ 35,00,000$ \& ₹ $15,00,000$ to cover the nominal amount of shares brought back to Capital Redemption Reserve A/c) | $\begin{aligned} & 35,00,000 \\ & 15,00,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

Space to write important points for revision
2015 - June [3] (c) Answer the question:
(ii) Seth Co. Ltd. issued 20,000 shares which were underwritten as:

Ram: 12,000 shares, Raghu: 5,000 shares and Ravi: 3,000 shares.
The underwriters made applications for firm underwriting as follows:
Ram: 1,600 shares; Raghu: 600 shares; Ravi: 2,000 shares. The total subscriptions excluding firm underwriting (including marked applications) were 10,000 shares.
The marked applications were: Ram: 2,000 shares; Raghu: 4,000 shares; Ravi: 1,000 shares.
Show the net liability of underwriters (number of shares).
(6 marks)

Answer:

## Statement showing the liability of under writers

No. of shares

| Underwriters | Ram | Raghu | Ravi |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross liability | 12,000 | 5,000 | 3,000 |  |
| Less: Marked Applications | (excluding firm | 2,000 | 4,000 | 1,000 |
| under writing) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10,000 | 1,000 | 2,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

12.77

### 12.78

 Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)| Less: Unmarked applications in the ratio of | 4,320 | 1,800 | 1,080 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| gross liability (Note -1 ) |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Resultant liability or surplus | 5,680 | $(800)$ | 920 |
| Less: Surplus of B allocated to A\&C in the ratio | $(640)$ | 800 | $(160)$ |
| of 12:3 |  |  |  |
| Net liability as per agreement | 5,040 | Nil | 760 |
| Add: Firm underwriting | 1,600 | 600 | 2,000 |
| Total liability | 6,640 | 600 | 2,760 |

## Working Notes:

Under this method, firm underwriting is treated as "unmarked application" and it is dividend in the ratio of gross liability. Total unmarked applications are calculated as follows:

## 1. Calculation of Unmarked Applications:

Total subscriptions (excluding firm underwriting)
10,000
Less: Marked application (excluding firm underwriting) $\underline{\underline{7,000}}$
Unmarked application by public $\quad 3,000$
Add: Application under firm underwriting 4,200
Total unmarked applications $\quad 7,200$
Unmarked Applications are allotted in the ratio of gross liability $=12: 5: 3$
2. Total Allocation of Shares:

Unmarked Application by Public 3,000
Marked Application by Public 7,000
Total liability $(6,640+600+2,760) \quad \underline{10,000}$
20,000
Space to write important points for revision

2015 - Dec [1] Answer the questions:
(d) Mahi Ltd. taken a loan of ₹ $15,00,000$ from the SBI by issuing 25000, $12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each as collateral security. Pass the necessary journal entries in the books of company.
(2 marks)
(f) On $1^{\text {st }}$ June, 2015 Suku Ltd. purchased 250 of its own 12\% debentures
from the open market at ₹ 97 (cum-interest) each for immediate cancellation. Face value of each debenture is ₹ 100 . Debenture interest is payable on $30^{\text {th }}$ June and $31^{\text {st }}$ December every year. Pass necessary journal entry to record the above transaction.
(2 marks)
Answer:
(d)

Journal of Mahi Ltd.

| Particulars | (₹) | (₹) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bank A/c <br> To Bank Loan A/c <br> (Loan taken from SBI) <br> Debenture Suspense A/c <br> To 12\% Debentures A/c <br> (12\% Debentures worth ₹ 20 Lakhs issued as <br> collateral security for a Loan from SBI as per <br> Board's Resolution No..... Date) 15,00,000 |  |  |

(f)

| Particulars | Dr. <br> (₹) | Cr. <br> (₹) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $12 \%$ Debentures A/c (250 x ₹ 100) | Dr. | 25,000 |  |
| Debenture Interest A/c | Dr. | 1,250 |  |
| To Bank A/c (250 ₹ ₹ 97) |  | 24,250 |  |
| To profit on Redemption of Debentures A/c <br> (250 debentures cancelled by purchase from open <br> market) |  | 2,000 |  |

Accrued Interest upto $1.6 .2015=250 \times 100 \times \frac{\mathbf{1 2}}{\mathbf{1 0 0}} \times \frac{5}{12}=₹ 1,250$.

- Space to write important points for revision

2015 - Dec [3] Answer the questions:
(a) (i) On $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2015, following was the Balance Sheet of FCS

### 12.80

Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)
Limited:

| Liabilities | $₹$ <br> (in lakhs) | Assets | $₹$ <br> (in lakhs) |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Equity Share Capital (₹ 10) | 2,400 | Machinery | 3,600 |
| Securities Premium | 350 | Furniture | 452 |
| General Reserve | 930 | Investments | 148 |
| Profit and Loss Account | 340 | (Face Value |  |
| Current Liabilities | 2,640 | $₹$ 200 lakhs) |  |
|  |  | Current Assets | 2,460 |
|  | $\mathbf{6 , 6 6 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{6 , 6 6 0}$ |

On $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2015 the company announced the buy-back of $25 \%$ of its equity shares @ 15 per share. For this purpose, it sold all of its investments for ₹ 150 Lakhs and issued 2,00,000, 14\% preferences shares of ₹ 100 each at par, the entire amount being payable with application.
The issue was fully subscribed. The company achieved the target of buyback. Later the company issued one fully paid up equity share of $₹ 10$ by way of bonus shares for every four equity shares held by the equity shareholders. Required: Show journal entries for all transactions including cash transactions.
(10 marks)
(b) (ii) Sonic Ltd. incorporated on $1^{\text {st }}$ June, 2015 issued a prospectus inviting applications for $10,00,000$ equity shares of $₹ 10$ each. The whole issue was fully underwritten by four underwriters:

|  | S | T | U | V |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Underwriter | $4,00,000$ shares | $3,00,000$ shares | $2,00,000$ shares | $1,00,000$ shares |

Applications were received for $9,00,000$ shares of which marked applications were as follows:

|  | S | T | U | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Underwriter | $4,40,000$ shares | $1,80,000$ shares | $2,20,000$ shares | 20,000 shares |

Find out the liability of each underwriter individually.
(6 marks)
12.80

Answer:
(a) (i)

## In the books of FCS Ltd. <br> Journal Entries

(₹ In Lakhs)

12.81

| 7. | General Reserve A/c <br> To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c (Being creation of Capital Redemption Reserve A/c to the extent of the face value of equity shares bought back) | 600 | 600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | Capital Redemption Reserve A/c Dr. <br> Securities Premium A/c <br> To Bonus Issue A/c <br> (Being the utilisation of Capital Redemption reserve and securities premium to issue one bonus share for every four shares held) | $\begin{array}{r} 400 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | 450 |
| 9. | Bonus Issue A/c <br> To Equity Share Capital A/c <br> (Being the Issue of one bonus share for every four equity shares) | 450 | 450 |

Note: Amount of Bonus Issue $=25 \%$ of (2400-25\% of 2400) $=₹ 450$ lakhs.
(b) (ii) Statement of Underwriters' Liability

| Particulars | S | T | U | V | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross Liability | $4,00,000$ | $3,00,000$ | $2,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | $10,00,000$ |
| Less: Marked Applications | $4,40,000$ | $1,80,000$ | $2,20,000$ | 20,000 | $8,60,000$ |
| Balance Left | $(40,000)$ | $1,20,000$ | $(20,000)$ | 80,000 | $1,40,000$ |
| Less: Unmarked Application | 16,000 | 12,000 | 8,000 | 4,000 | 40,000 |
| Applications in the ratio of <br> gross liability | $(56,000)$ | $1,08,000$ | $(28,000)$ | 76,000 | $1,00,000$ |
| Division of surplus of S and U U <br> to T and V in the ratio of $(3: 1)$ | $(56,000)$ | $(63,000)$ | 28,000 | $(21,000)$ | 0 |
| Net Liability | NIL | 45,000 | NIL | 55,000 | $1,00,000$ |

12.82

> [Chapter 1] Accounting of Shares and...

2016 - June [5] (a) The following balances were shown in the Balance Sheet of Anukula Limited as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2015:

|  | ₹ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $8,00,000$ Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up | $80,00,000$ |
| 50,000 8\% Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each ₹ 80 paid up | $40,00,000$ |
| Capital Reserve | $35,00,000$ |
| General Reserve | $80,00,000$ |
| Securities Premium | $70,00,000$ |
| Profit \& Loss Account | $52,00,000$ |
| $12 \%$ Debentures | $10,00,000$ |
| Non-Current Investment at cost | $65,00,000$ |
| Cash and Bank | $92,00,000$ |

Additional Information:
(i) The company passed a resolution to buy-back 20\% of its equity capital @ ₹ 35 per share. For this purpose, it sold its investments of ₹ 30 lakhs for ₹ 28 lakhs.
(ii) The company redeemed the preference shares at a premium of $25 \%$.
(iii) Included in its investments were 'Investments in own debentures' costing ₹ 10 lakhs (face value ₹ 11.50 lakhs). These debentures were cancelled.
You are required to pass necessary journal entries in the books of the company for above.
(10 marks)

## Answer:

(a) Journal Entries In the Books of Anukula Ltd:
(₹ in Lakhs)

|  | Particulars | Dr. | Cr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1. | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Profit and Loss A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Investment A/c  <br> (Being investment sold for the purpose of buy-back <br> of Equity Shares)  | 28 | 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Preference Share Final Call A/c To 8\% Preference Share Capital A/c (Being call money due) | 10 | 10 |
| 3. | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Preference Share Final Call A/c  <br> (Being call money received)  | 10 | 10 |
| 4. | 8\% Preference Share Capital A/c $\quad \mathrm{Dr}$ Premium on Redemption of Preference Shares A/c <br> To Preference Shareholders A/c (Being redemption of preference share capital at premium of $25 \%$ ) | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 12.50 \end{array}$ | 62.50 |
| 5. | Preference Shareholders A/c Dr. <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being payment made to preference shareholders) | 62.50 | 62.50 |
| 6. | General Reserve A/c <br> To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c <br> (Refer Note) <br> (Being creation of capital redemption reserve) | 66 | 66 |
| 7. | Equity Share Capital A/c Dr. <br> Securities Premium A/c Dr. <br> (Premium payable on buy-back)  <br> To Equity Shares Buy-back A/c  <br> (Being the amount due on buy-back of equity shares)  | 16 40 | 56 |


| [Chapter |  |  | 12.85 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | Equity Shares Buy-back A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being payment made for buy-back of equity shares) | 56 | 56 |
| 9. | 12\% Debentures A/c To Own Debentures A/c To Capital Reserve A/c (Profit on cancellation) (Being own debentures cancelled at profit) | 11.5 | 10 .50 |
| 10. | Securities Premium A/c To Premium on Redemption of Preference Shares A/c (Being premium on redemption of preference shares adjusted through securities premium) | 12.50 | 12.50 |

Note: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve A/c as:

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| For Redemption of P.S. Capital | 50 lakhs |
| For Buy-back of Equity Shares | 16 lakhs |
| Total | 66 lakhs |

Space to write important points for revision
2016-Dec [7] (a) APC Ltd. has 12\% redeemable preference share capital of ₹ $1,00,000$ consisting shares of ₹ 100 each fully called and paid-up. The company wants to redeem them at $10 \%$ premium.
The ledger accounts show the following balances:
Securities Premium A/c: ₹ 4,000
Profit \& Loss A/c: ₹ 20,000
The company wants to make a minimum fresh issue of equity shares of ₹ 10 each at $5 \%$ premium for redemption of the preference shares.
You are required to:
(i) Ascertain the amount of fresh issue to be made by the company;
(ii) Pass necessary journal entries regarding redemption of the preference shares and fresh issue.

### 12.86

 Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)
## Answer:

Calculation showing number of equity shares to be issued -
Total Liability = Preference Share Capital to be redeemed
$=$ Profit and Loss Account balance + Securities Premium +
Proceeds of fresh issue
Let, Numbers equity shares to be issued be $X$
$\therefore \quad ₹ 1,10,000=₹ 4,000+₹ 20,000+[1.05 X \times ₹ 10]$
Or, ₹10.5 X = ₹ $(1,10,000-4,000-20,000)$
Or, X = ₹ 86,000 / ₹10.5
Or, $X=8,190$
Hence, amount of fresh issue -
No. of shares to be issued 8,190
Equity Share Capital $=8,190 \times ₹ 10 \quad=₹ 81,900$
Securities Premium [₹10 $\times 5 \%$ ] $\times 8,190=\frac{₹ 4,095}{₹ 85,995}$
APC Ltd. Journal Entries

| Particulars | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank A/c <br> To Equity Share Capital A/c <br> To Securities Premium A/c <br> (8190 equity shares of ₹10 each at a premium of $5 \%$ ) | 85,995 | 81,900 4,095 |
| Profit \& Loss A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Preference Shares A/c (Premium provided for redemption) | 8,095 1,905 | 10,000 |
| Profit \& Loss A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c  <br> (Amount transferred to capital redemption reserve not  <br> covered by fresh issue)  | 18,100 | 18,100 |

[Chapter " 1 1] Accounting of Shares and...
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| 12\% Redeemable Preference Share Capital A/c Dr. |  | 1,00,000 | 1,10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Premium on Redemption of Preference Shares A/c <br> To Preference Shareholders A/c <br> (Redemption of preference shares made) |  | 10,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,10,000 |  |
| Preference Shareholders A/c |  |  |  |
| To Bank |  |  | 1,10,000 |
| (Payment made) |  |  |  |

- Space to write important points for revision

2017 - June [2] (a) A joint stock company resolved to issue 5 lakh equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 1 per share. 50000 of these shares were taken up by the directors and their relatives, the entire amount being received forthwith. The remaining shares were offered to the public, the entire amount being asked for with applications.
The issue was underwritten by $P, Q$ and $R$ for a commission of $2 \%$ of the issue price. $65 \%$ of the issue was underwritten by $P$, while $Q$ and R's share were $25 \%$ and $10 \%$ respectively.
Their firm underwriting was as follows:
P 15000 shares, Q 10000 shares and R 5000 shares. The underwriters were to submit unmarked applications for shares underwritten firm with full application money along with the members of the general public.
Marked applications were as follows: P 59750 shares, Q 28750 shares and R 5250 shares. Unmarked applications totaled 350000 shares.
Accounts with the underwriters were promptly settled.
You are required to prepare a statement calculating liability of the Underwriters for shares other than shares underwritten Firm and also calculate the amount due from/to the Underwriters.
(8 marks)
Answer :

### 12.88

Scanner CMA Inter Gr. II Paper 12A (2016 Syllabus)
Statement Showing the Liability of underwriters

| Underwriters | P | Q | R | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross Liability | $2,92,500$ | $1,12,500$ | 45,000 | $4,50,000$ |
| Less: Marked Application |  |  |  |  |
| (excluding firm underwriting) | 59,750 | 28,750 | 5,250 | $(93,750)$ |
|  | $2,32,750$ | 83,750 | 39,750 | $3,56,250$ |
| Less: Unmarked Applications |  |  |  |  |
| (in the ratio of gross Liability) | $2,27,500$ | 87,500 | 35,000 | $(3,50,000)$ |
| Result and Liability | 5,250 | $(3,750)$ | 4,750 | 6,250 |
| Less: Surplus of a allocated to |  |  |  |  |
| P \& R (65:10) | $(3,250)$ | $(3,750)$ | $(500)$ | - |
| Net Liability as per agreement | 2,000 | Nil | 4,250 | 6,250 |
| Add: Firm underwriting | 15,000 | 10,000 | 5,000 | 30,000 |
| Total Liability | 17,000 | 10,000 | 9,250 | 36,250 |

Workings: Calculation of amount due from/to underwriters

| Particulars | P | Q | R |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| No. of shares to be subscribed as per <br> agreement (exc. Firm) | 2,000 | Nil | 4,250 |
| Amount payable @₹ 11 | 22,000 | Nil | 46,750 |
| Underwriting commission @ 2\% |  |  |  |
| P: $(292500 \times 11 \times 2 \%)$ | 64,350 |  |  |
| Q: $(112500 \times 11 \times 2 \%)$ |  | 24,750 |  |
| R: $(45000 \times 11 \times 2 \%)$ |  |  | 9,900 |
| Amount $($ paid $) /$ received | $(42,350)$ | $(24,750)$ | 36,850 |

——Space to write important points for revision

2017 - Dec [2] (a) R Ltd. wants to buy-back 100000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a price of ₹ 20 each on 01.04.2017. The buy-back is allowed in its articles of association and the company has obtained necessary approval

$$
\text { [Chapter } \ln \text { 1] Accounting of Shares and... }
$$

12.89
from the shareholders. The company has sufficient bank balance to make the payment for buy-back of shares.

| The following information is available as on 31.03.2017: |
| :--- |
| Equity Share Capital (₹ 10 each fully paid) $₹$ <br> General Reserve $50,00,000$ <br> Dividend Equalization Reserve $60,00,000$ <br> Balance of Profit and Loss (Cr.) $10,00,000$ <br> $10 \%$ Debentures (₹ 100 each) $75,00,000$ <br> Bank Loan $40,00,000$ <br> Current Liabilities $66,00,000$ |

Verify whether the buy-back plan of the company meets the conditions specified by the Companies Act 2013 as regards to the maximum amount of buy-back. Also pass necessary journal entries in the books of the company to give effect of the process, if the plan is found to be in place. (9 marks)

## Answer:

Determination of maximum buyback permissible as per Companies Act 2013:

1. Shares Outstanding Test: Max. Permissible Limit $=25 \%$ of

Outstanding Shares

| Particulars |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total number of shares outstanding | $5,00,000$ |
| $25 \%$ of the shares outstanding | $1,25,000$ |

2. Resource Test: Max. Permissible Limit $=25 \%$ of Paid up Capital plus Free Reserves

| Particulars |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Equity share capital (₹) | $50,00,000$ |
| Free Reserve (₹) (General Reserve + DER +P/L) | $75,00,000$ |
| Paid up Capital plus Free Reserves (₹) | $125,00,000$ |
| $25 \%$ of Paid up Capital plus Free Reserves (₹) | $31,25,000$ |
| Buy back price per share (₹) | 20 |
| No. of shares that can be bought back (31,25,000/20) | $1,56,250$ |

3. Debt Equity Ratio Test: Debt after buyback cannot exceed twice the paid up capital plus free reserves.

| Particulars |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total Debt (₹) (75,00,000 + 40,00,000 + 66,00,000) | 181,00,000 |
| Minimum Equity to be maintained after buyback in the ratio 2:1 (₹) | 90,50,000 |
| Paid up capital plus free reserves before buyback (₹) | 125,00,000 |
| Future Paid up capital plus free reserves (₹) (see working note: 1) (125,00,000-11,50,000) | 113,50,000 |
| Maximum permissible buyback (₹) (113,50,000 90,50,000) | 23,00,000 |
| Buy back price per share (₹) | 20 |
| No. of shares that can be bought back | 1,15,000 |

Summary of three test results:

|  | No. of Shares |
| :--- | :--- |
| Permissible Buyback as per - |  |


| Share Outstanding Test | $1,25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Resource Test | $1,56,250$ |
| Debt-Equity Ratio Test | $1,15,000$ |
| Maximum permissible buyback (least of the three) | $1,15,000$ |
| Actual buyback plan | $1,00,000$ |

Since actual buyback proposed is below the permissible limit, the company can buy back 100000 shares at ₹ 20 each.

## Working Note 1:

In case buyback of shares is done out of free reserves and securities premium, a company is required transfer a sum equal to the nominal value of the shares buyback to Capital Redemption Reserve A/C. Thus shareholders' fund after buyback includes CRR. Now CRR is not a free reserve. Hence it cannot form part of paid up capital plus free reserve after buyback.
Let nominal value of shares bought back is $x$. Then CRR after buyback is $x$. Moreover total premium on buyback $=x$ ( $₹ 10$ face value and ₹ 20 buyback price, so premium on buyback ₹ 10). So total amount to be deducted from shareholders' fund for buyback $=x$ (capital) $+x$ (premium) $=2 x$. Moreover free reserves to be reduced by $x$.
Total paid up capital plus free reserves after buyback $=125,00,000-x$ (i.e. CRR) $-2 x$ (i.e. buyback proceeds)

Conditionally, 125,00,000-x-2x=90,50,000, or, $x=11,50,000$ Nominal value of buyback $=11,50,000$ (i.e. CRR)

Journal

| Date | Particular | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.4 .2017 | Equity Share Buyback A/c Dr. <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being buyback of 100000 shares of <br> $₹ 10$ each at ₹ 20 per share.) | 20,00,000 | 20,00,000 |


| 1.4.2017 | Equity Share Capital A/c Dr. General Reserve A/c <br> To Equity Share Buyback A/c (Being cancellation of shares bought back and premium on buyback provided out of General Reserve) | $\begin{aligned} & 10,00,000 \\ & 10,00,000 \end{aligned}$ | 20,00,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.4.2017 | General Reserve A/c Dr. To Capital redemption Reserve A/c (Being nominal value of shares bought back transferred to CRR) | 10,00,000 | 10,00,000 |

Space to write important points for revision
2018 - June [2] (a) On 01.01.2017 Jay Ltd. had 2,000, 12\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each. On 01.05 .2017 the company purchased 400 own Debentures at ₹ 97 cum-interest in the open market. Interest on debentures is payable on $30^{\text {th }}$ June and $31^{\text {st }}$ December each year.
Required: Give the necessary journal entries assuming that the own Debentures purchased were retained as investments till 31.12.2017, on which date they were cancelled.
Assume that the company follows English Calendar Year. (6 marks)
Answer:
Journal of Jay Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr.(₹) | Cr.(₹) |  |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| May 01 | Own Debentures A/c <br> Interest on Own Debenture A/c <br> To Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 37,200 | 1,600 |
| (Being the purchase of 400 debentures <br> @ ₹ 97 cum - interest) |  | 38,800 |  |  |  |

[Chapter
12.93

| June 30 | Debentures Interest A/c <br> To Interest on Own Debentures A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being the interest paid / credited on ₹ $2,00,000$ debentures held by outsiders and by the company own debentures for 2 months ). | 12,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,400 \\ & 9,600 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec. 31 | Debentures Interest A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> To Interest on Own Debentures A/c (Being the interest paid / credited on ₹ $1,60,000$ debentures held by outsiders and ₹ 40,000 own debentures for six months) | 12,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,600 \\ & 2,400 \end{aligned}$ |
| Dec. 31 | Profit and Loss A/c <br> To Debenture Interest A/c <br> (Being the transfer of debenture interest to P \& L A/c) | 24,000 | 24,000 |
| Dec. 31 | Interest on Own Debentures A/c <br> To Profit and Loss A/c <br> (Being the transfer of interest on own debentures to $P$ \& $L$ A/c) | 3,200 | 3,200 |
| Dec. 31 | 12\% Debentures A/c  Dr. <br> To Own Debentures A/c   <br> To Capital Reserve A/c   <br> (Being the cancellation of 400 own <br> debentures)   | 40,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,200 \\ 2,800 \end{array}$ |

12.93

| Dec. 31 | Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c Dr. <br> To Debenture Redemption Reserve <br> A/c transfer of an amount | 37,200 | 37,200 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (Being the tran <br> equivalent to the cash sum applied in <br> redeeming the debentures) |  |  |  |

Space to write important points for revision

2018 - Dec [2] (a) Following is the extract of the Balance Sheet of Xeta Ltd. as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2017:

| Authorised Capital: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 50,000 12\% Preference shares of ₹ 10 each | $5,00,000$ |
| $4,00,000$ Equity shares of ₹ 10 each | $\underline{40,00,000}$ |
|  | $\underline{45,00,000}$ |
| Issued and Subscribed Capital: |  |
| 24,000 12\% Preference shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid | $2,40,000$ |
| $2,70,000$ Equity shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 8 paid up | $21,60,000$ |
| Reserves and Surplus: | $3,60,000$ |
| General Reserve | $1,00,000$ |
| Securities Premium | $6,00,000$ |

On $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2017, the Company has made final call @ 2 each on 2,70,000 Equity shares. The call money was received by $20^{\text {th }}$ April, 2017. Thereafter, the company decided to capitalize its reserves by way of bonus at the rate of one share for every four shares held.
Show necessary journal entries in the books of the company and prepare the extract of the Balance sheet as on $30^{\text {th }}$ April, 2017 after bonus issue.

| [Chapter ${ }^{1 / 4}$ 1] Accounting of Shares and... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.95 <br> (7 marks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table Showing Marks of Compulsory Questions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ \mathrm{~J} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \mathrm{~J} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \mathrm{~J} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ \mathrm{~J} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \text { J } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ |
| Descriptive | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

